Aadhaar Challenges in Enrolment & Authentication

Anil Jain Michigan State University

http://biometrics.cse.msu.edu/

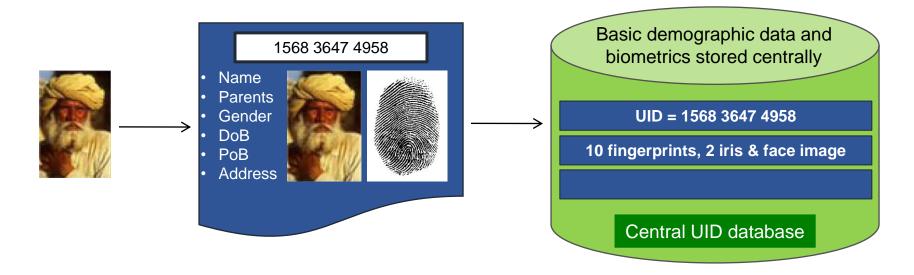
June 26, 2024

Outline

- Aadhaar and its scale (~1.5 billion gallery)
- Diverse demographics of India
- Enrolment, de-duplication & authentication
- ~80 million authentications/day with different devices
- Challenges & path forward

Aadhaar: World's Largest Biometrics System

"Issue a 12-digit unique identification number (UID) to Indian residents that can be used to eliminate duplicate and fake identities."



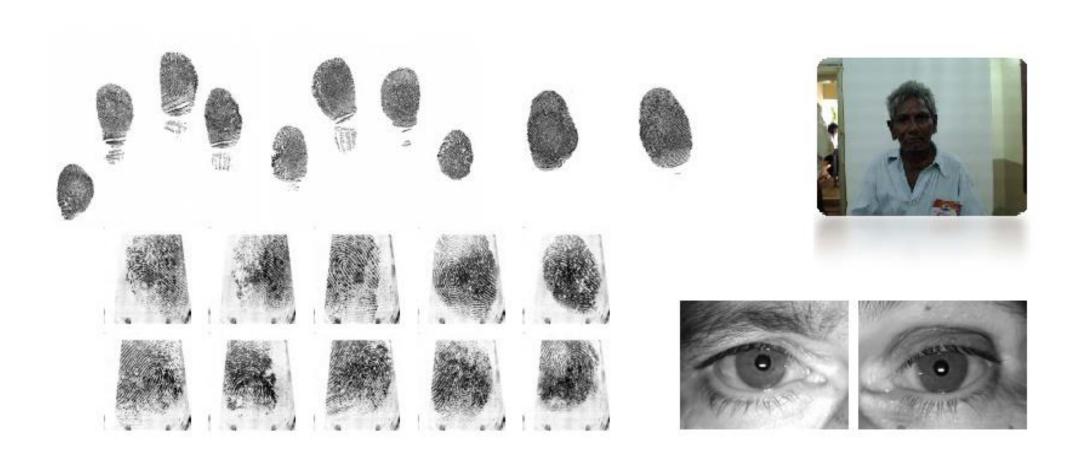
- · "Efficient, transparent, and targeted delivery of subsidies"; no one is denied UID
- Enrollment, de-duplication and authentication for a population of ~1.4 b

Enrollment



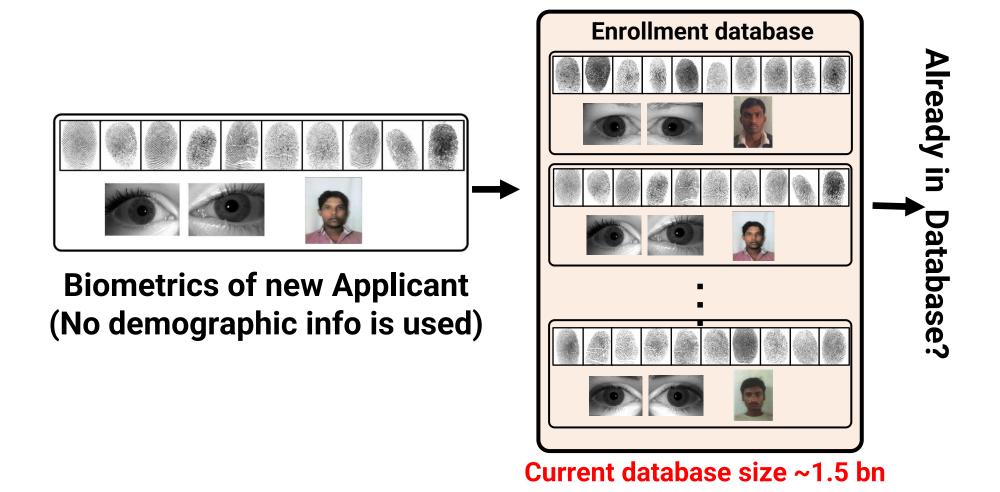


Enrolled Images

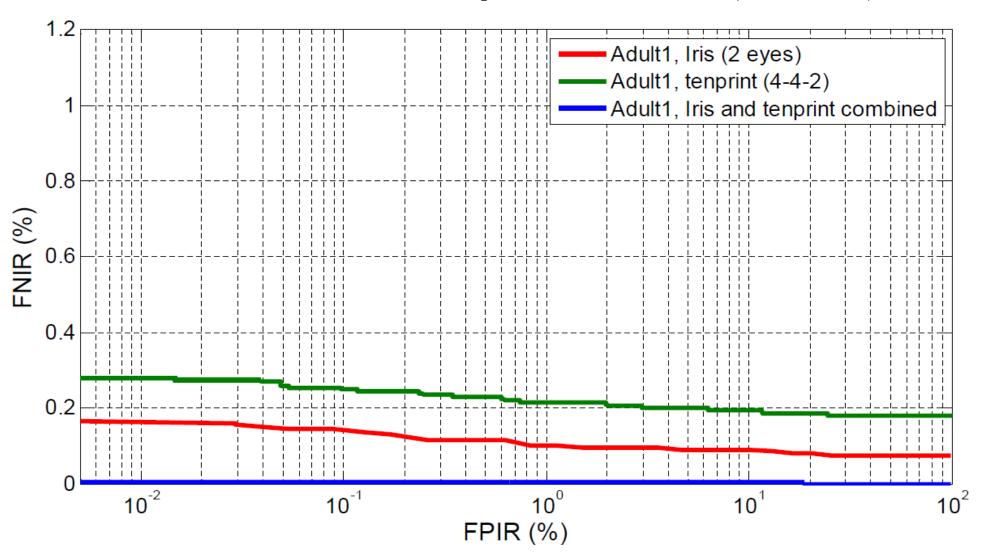


Minimum age of enrollment is 5 years with re-enrollment at age 15; age not verified

De-duplication

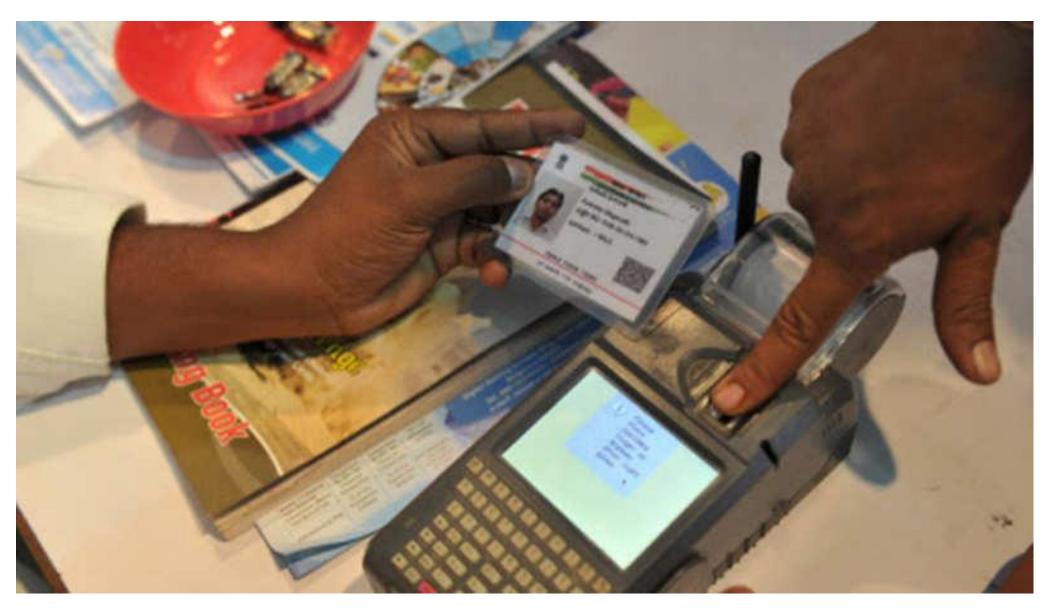


PoC for De-duplication (2008)

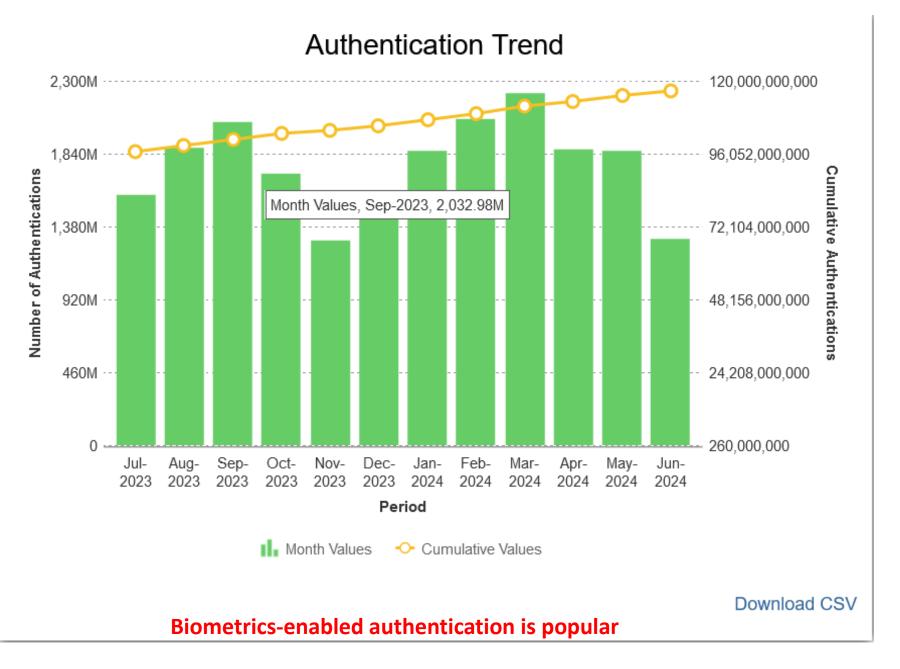


Face recognition was not very accurate at the time

Authentication



Aadhaar + biometric; currently, fingerprint is the most common biometric



Enrollment Challenges

- Extrinsic vs. intrinsic factors affecting image quality
- Substantial majority of the population work in agriculture, service and manufacturing sector
- Aging population (~10% above 65)
- Sensor placement (ergonomics; user interaction)
- Sensor upgrade/replacement
- Spoof detection







Authentication/De-duplication Challenges

- Different sensors for enrollment and authentication; cross-sensor matching.
- DoB is not verified at enrollment; estimate age from face image at authentication
- Aadhaar is about "inclusion" so why are children being excluded? ~25 million babies born/year in India. Feasible to enroll children as early as age 1 with fingerprints.
- For some individuals, time gap between enrollment and authentication is already 15 years (2009-2014). How robust are machers w.r.t. time gap?
- Biometric template is last updated at 15 but given the life expectancy in India is
 ~72 yrs, additional template updates may become necessary.
- India' population is supposed to peak at 1.7 billion ~2060. How will de-duplication work for a gallery exceeding 2 billion?

Summary

- Aadhaar is a remarkable civil registration system which has been adopted by masses in India (~17% of world population).
- Aadhar, so far, has met stringent privacy & security guardrails
- Need to continuously monitor "denial of service", raise the bar for recognition metrics and latency
- Aadhaar's BIO-Challenge will give vendors and academic groups to test their algorithms against challenging data with large time lapse, poor quality, and diverse demographics and sensors
- Opportunity to use generative AI for training & test data