

Banking on Biometrics

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<http://biometrics.cse.msu.edu>

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Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta

Outline

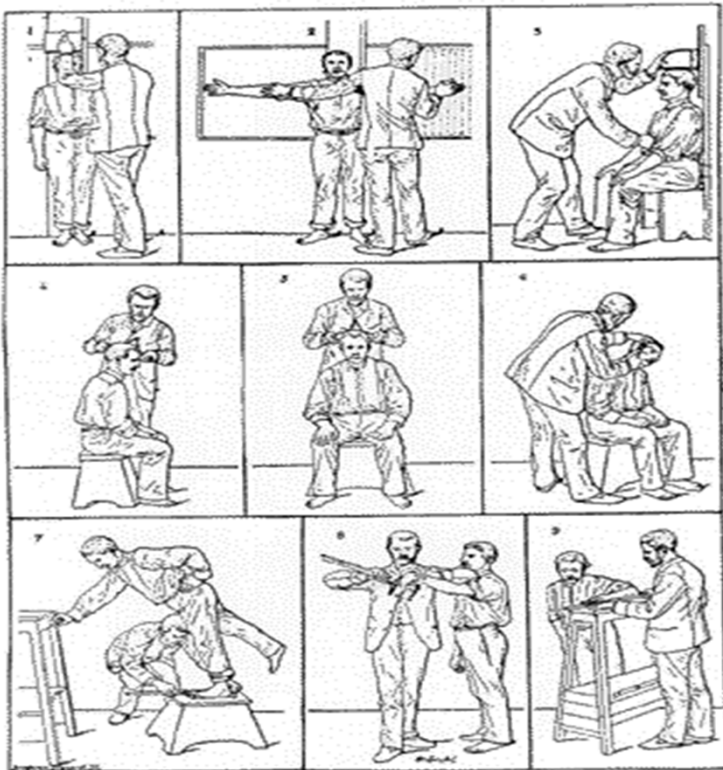
- What is biometrics?
- Design of biometric Systems
- Applications
- Biometrics in Banking
- Summary

Origin of the Term Biometrics

- Morris (1875): Derived from the Greek words *Bios: life and Metron: a measure*
- Pollack (1981): “What makes each person unique?”
Use of biometrics in the context of access control
- Automated recognition of individuals based on their behavioral and biological characteristics
[ISO/IEC JTC1 2382-37:2012]

First Biometric System (1882)

Identify repeat offenders



(Ch. Brown)

Height	1m 79.6	Head l'gth	19.8	L. Foot	27.1	Circle of Eye	14	Age	23	Born in	
Eng. H'ght	5-10 3/4	Head width	16.3	L. Mid. F.	11.2	Periph Z		Apparent Age			
Outs. A	1m 75.5	Cheek width	14.4	L. Lit. F.	8.7	Color of Left Eye	Ch. Mel	Nativity	Louisville, Ky.		
Trunk	94.9	R. Ear	6.8	L. Fore A.	46.6	Pecul		Occupation	Shoemaker		

Remarks Incident to Measurements

DESCRIPTIVE

Incl.	Reddy	Ridge	None	Beard	Shaved		
Height	M	Base	Ear	Hair	Black		
Width	Red	DIMENSIONS			Teeth	Upper front	
Pecul		Length	6.2	Projection	6.2	Complexion	M. Dark
		Breadth	M	Chin	M. Prom	Weight	165
		Pecul		Build	M. Slim		

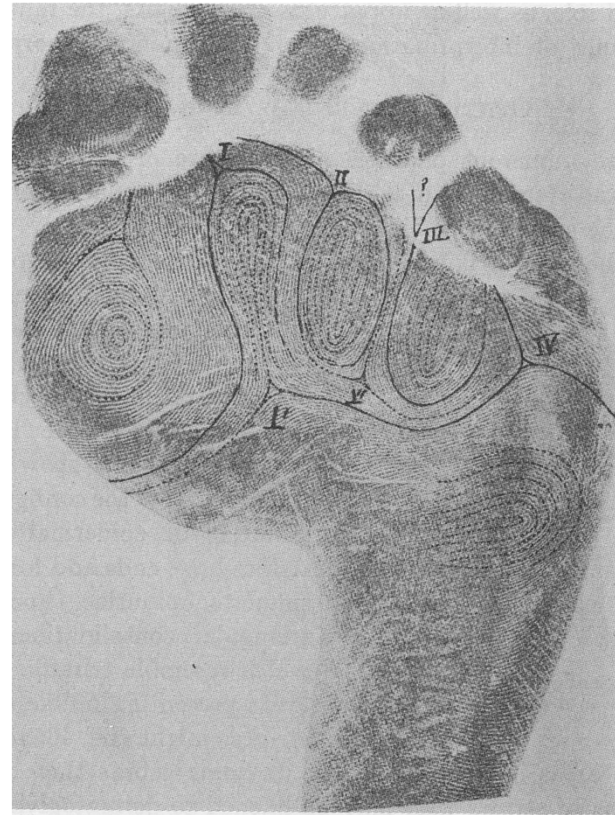
BUREAU OF IDENTIFICATION
Department of Police,
Tulane Ave. and Saratoga St.
New Orleans, La.

Measured Feb 1 1912
By Geo. J. J. J.

H.T. F. Rhodes, Alphonse Bertillon: Father of Scientific Detection, Harrap, 1956

Friction Ridge Patterns

First Automatic Fingerprint identification system (AFIS): ~1980

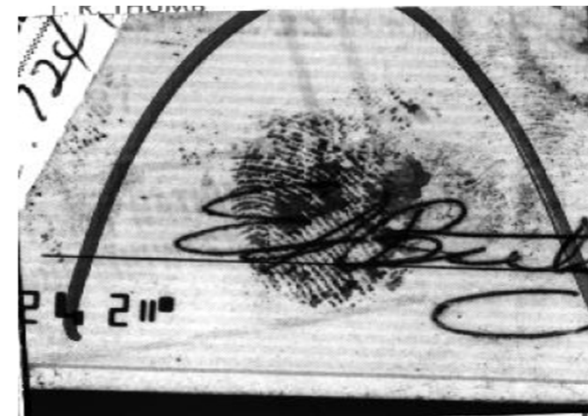


Cummins and Midlo, Finger Prints, Palms and Soles, Dover, 1961

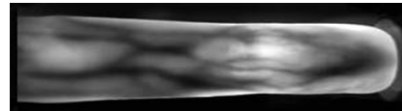
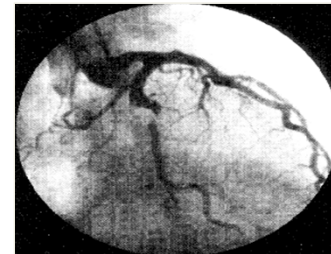
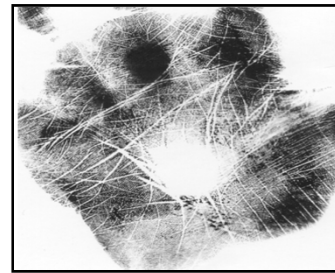
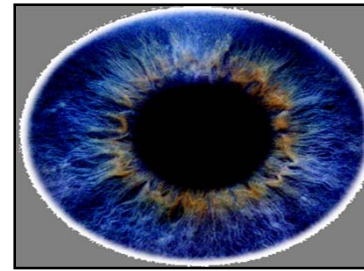
Fingerprints in Law Enforcement

- **Repeat Offenders:** Compare rolled/slapped tenprints
- **Crime Scene evidence:** Compare **latents** to tenprints

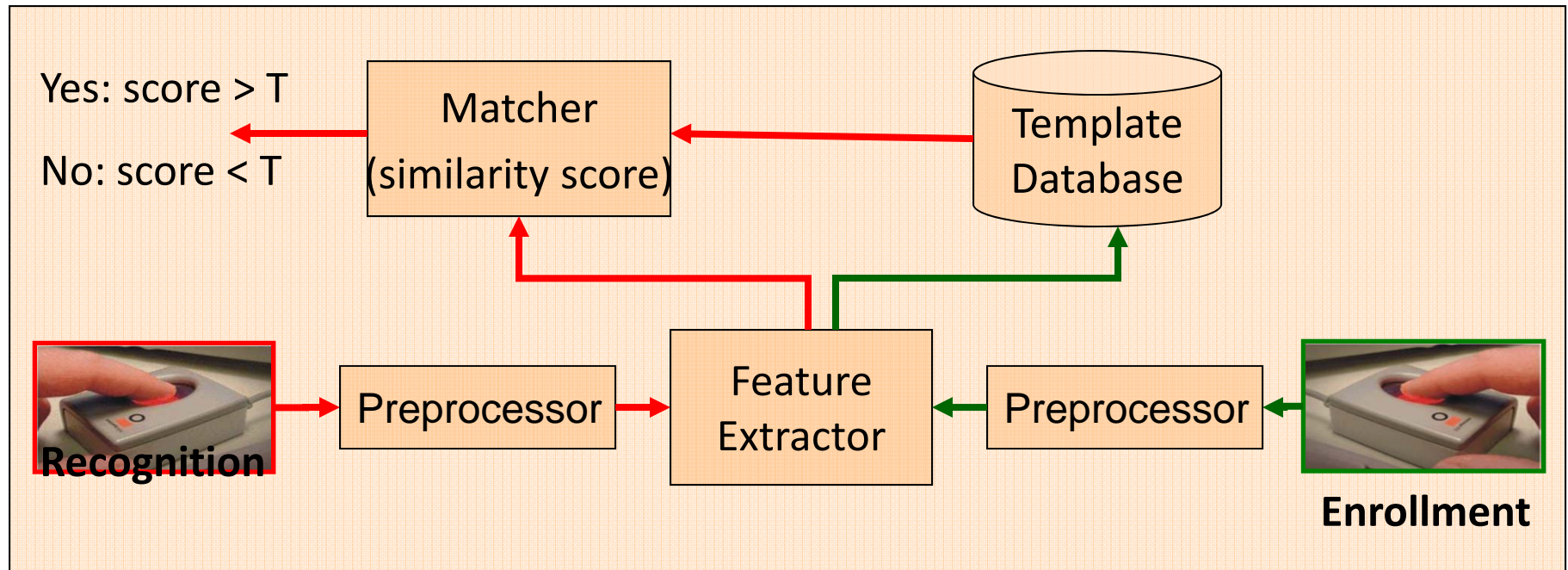
APPLICANT		LEAVE BLANK		TYPE OR PRINT ALL INFORMATION IN BLACK		FBI		LEAVE BLANK	
SIGNATURE OF PERSON FINGERPRINTED		LAST NAME Teacher, Theresa C.		FIRST NAME Theresa C.		MIDDLE NAME Leave Blank		CLASS Leave Blank	
RESIDENCE OF PERSON FINGERPRINTED		AKA Formerly: Theresa Smith		ID NY921940Z NYSTED Dept-FPU ALBANY, NY		DATE OF BIRTH 12/31/70		DOB	
DATE 5/02/02		SIGNATURE OF OFFICIAL TAKING FINGERPRINTS Leave Blank		SEX US		HEIGHT 5'7"		WEIGHT 155	
EMPLOYER AND ADDRESS Smart Falls Central School Dist Smart Falls, NY 12111		EDUCATION Leave Blank		HAIR Gr		EYES Bro		PLACE OF BIRTH Ohio	
TELEPHONE NUMBER 000-10-1111		ADDRESS NO. Leave Blank		CLASS Leave Blank		REF Leave Blank			
IDENTIX TP600 1259		LEFT FOUR FINGERS TAKEN SEPARATELY		RIGHT FOUR FINGERS TAKEN SEPARATELY					



Beyond Fingerprinting

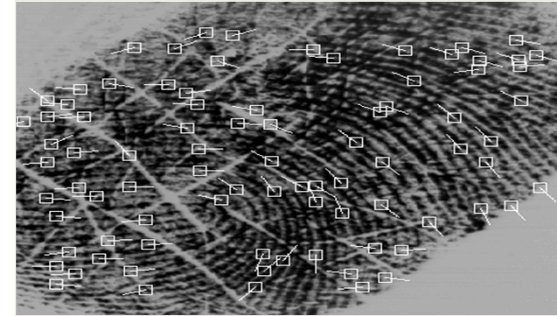
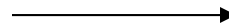


Design of Biometric System

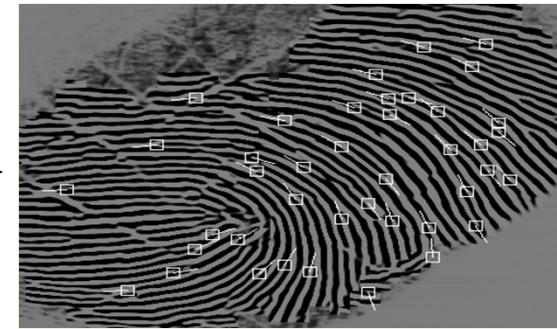
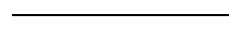


- Verify a claimed identity (**1:1 comparison**)
- Person enrolled in the system? (**1:N comparisons**)

Pre-processing

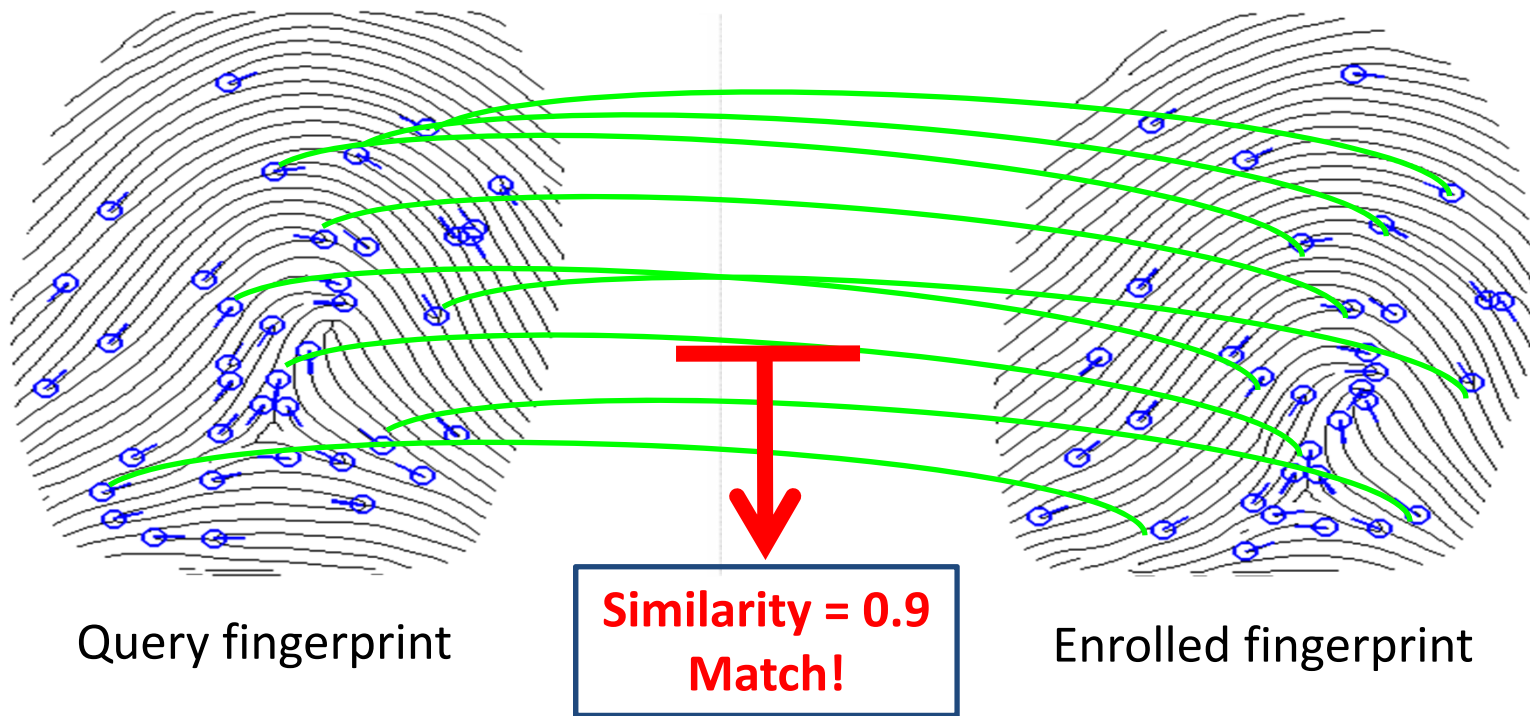


Minutiae extraction before enhancement

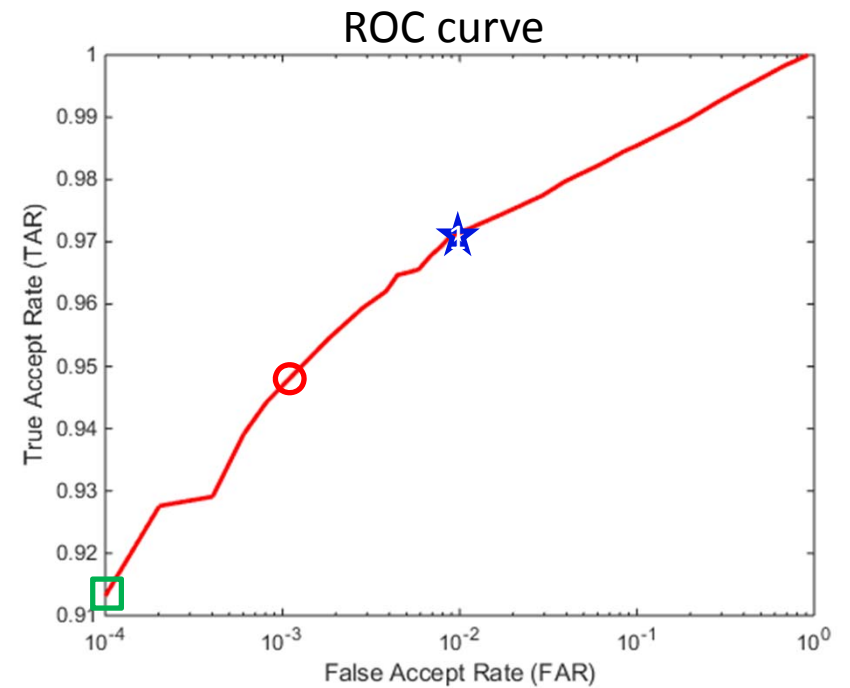
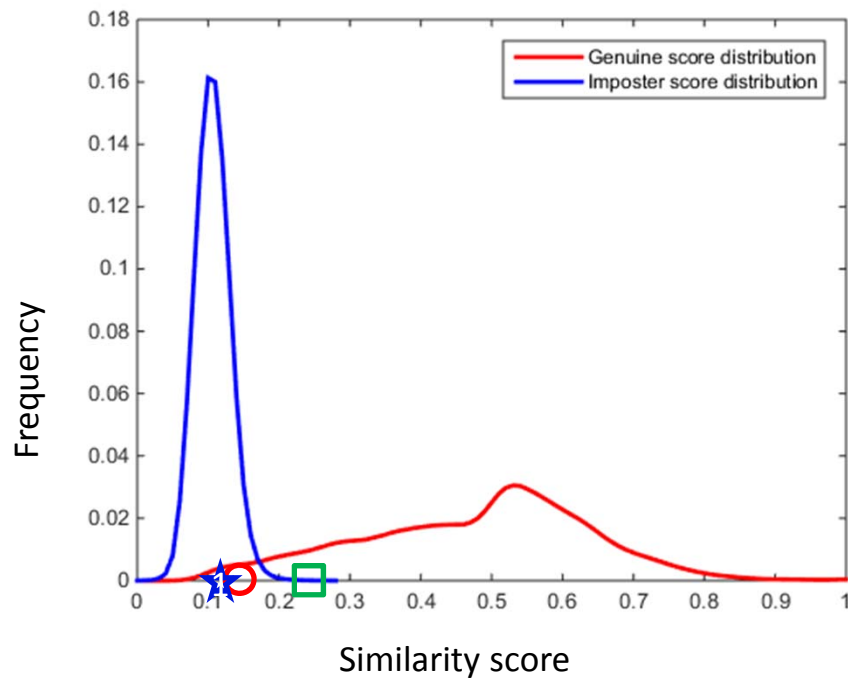


Minutiae extraction after enhancement

Fingerprint Matching

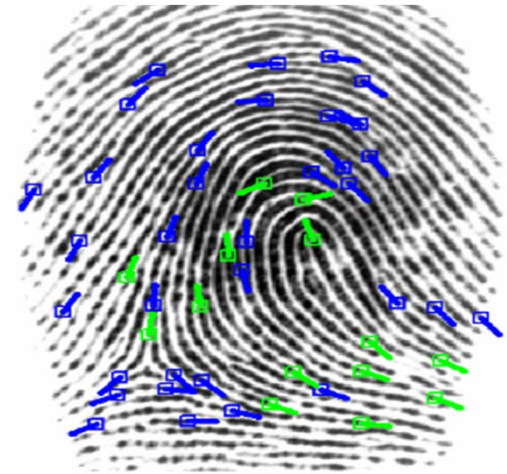
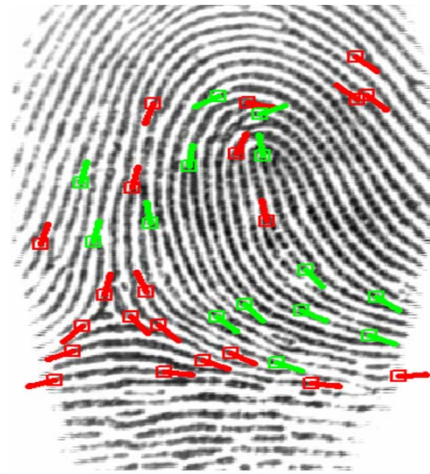
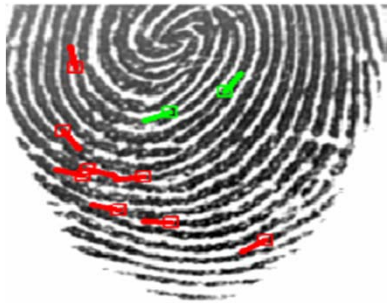


Matching Performance



Three different operating points (threshold)

Sources of Matching Error



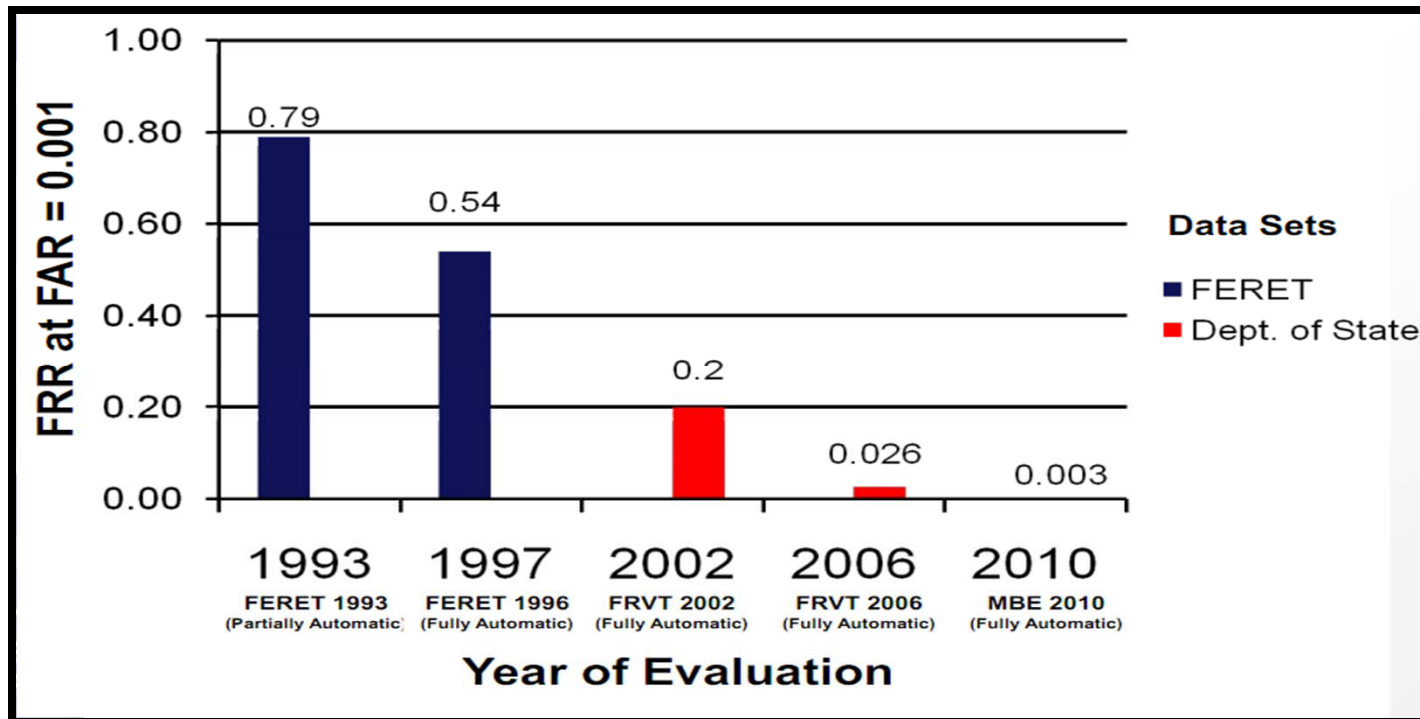
False Reject

False Accept

Green squares: matched minutiae

Ergonomics, user habituation, acquisition environment

Accuracy of Face Recognition



J. Phillips, IEEE Fourth International Conference on Biometrics: Theory, Applications, and Systems (BTAS 2010)

Errors in Face Verification

NIST FRGC v2.0 (2006)



NIST MBGC (2010)



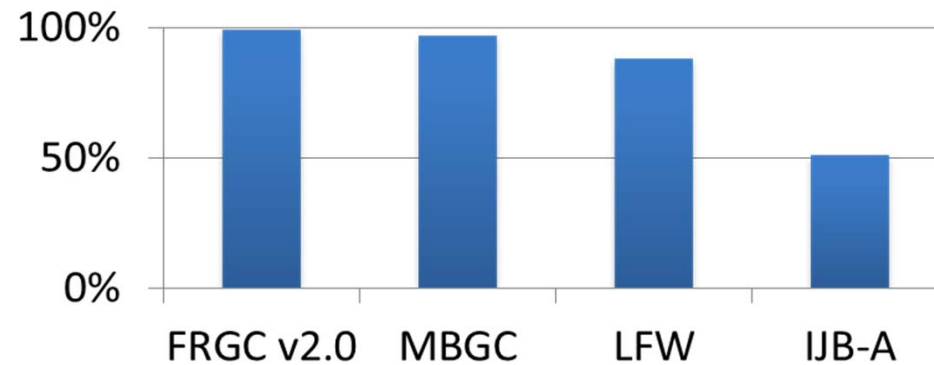
LFW (2007)



NIST IJB-A (2015)



TAR at 0.1% FAR



D. Wang, C. Otto and A. K. Jain, "Face Search at Scale: 80 Million Gallery", arXiv, July 28, 2015

Design Considerations

- Requirements
 - Error rates (FAR, FRR, FTE, FTA); enrollment; throughput; single-factor v. multi-factor authentication
- Choice of biometric trait
- System security
- Exception handling; user recourse

Which Biometric Trait?

- Distinctiveness
- Permanence
- Universality
- Performance
- Collectability
- User acceptance
- Circumvention
- Integration

Multibiometrics

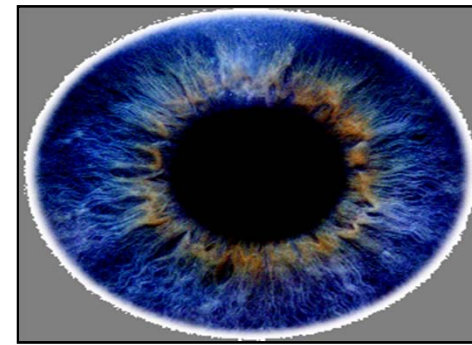
Enroll multiple traits



One of more fingers



2D and/or 3D face



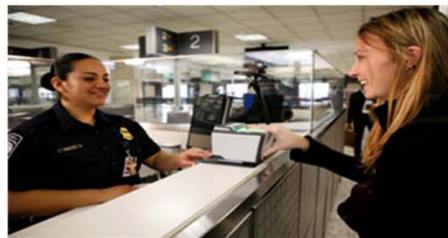
One or both irises

- Usability: User decides which trait to use for authentication
- Security: System decides; challenge-response

Biometric Applications



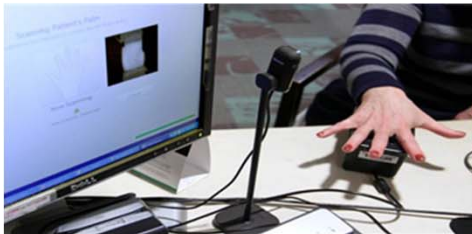
Meijer supermarket, Okemos



U.S. Visit (OBIM)



Time & Attendance



Texas hospital system
(2,488 named Maria Garcia, 231
with same DoB)



HK smartcard ID

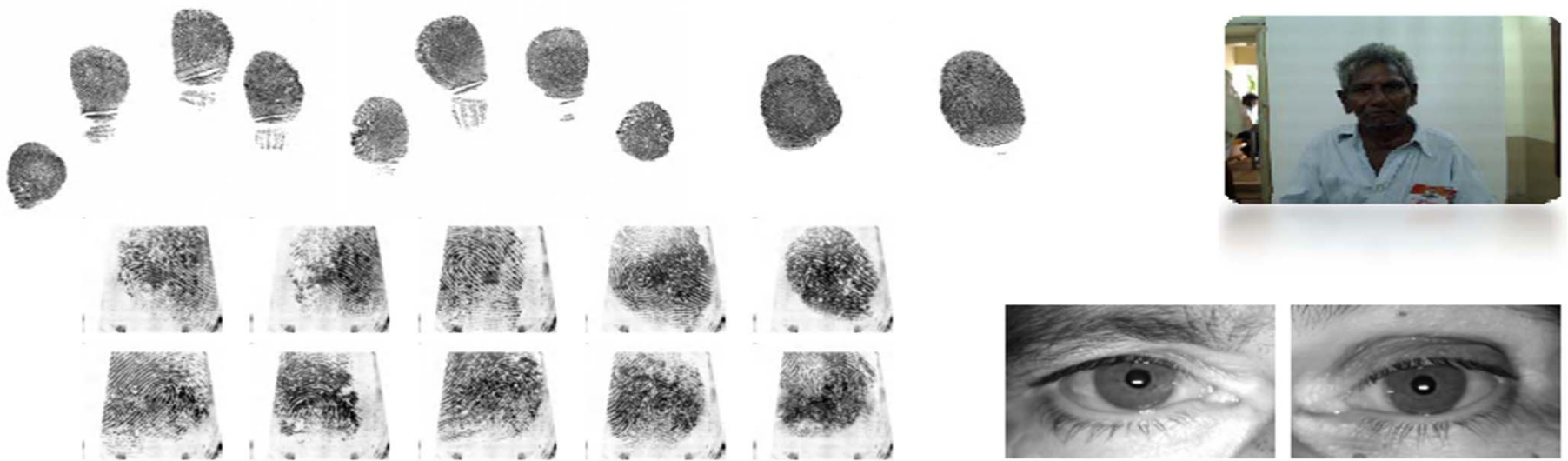


Disney Parks



Coal mine safety

World's Largest Biometric System



~900M unique 12-digit IDs issued (Oct. 2015)

1: 900M biometric comparisons needed before issuing a new ID

<https://uidai.gov.in/>

Drivers for Biometrics in Banking

- Stolen & forged ID cards; weak passwords & PIN
 - Lack of Trust by bank customers
 - “U.S. Unseals indictment in Big case of Hacking”
 - Losses incurred by banks
 - Fraudulent transactions at ATMs on the rise
- Technology & algorithms meet the requirements
- Push for mobile payment
- Customer acceptance of biometrics over card & PIN

ATM

(first installed by Barclays Bank, 1967)



Who is entering the card and the PIN?

Biometric-Enabled ATMs

Lanzhou, China



Finger vein



Iris scan

Banco Bradesco, Brazil



Palm vein

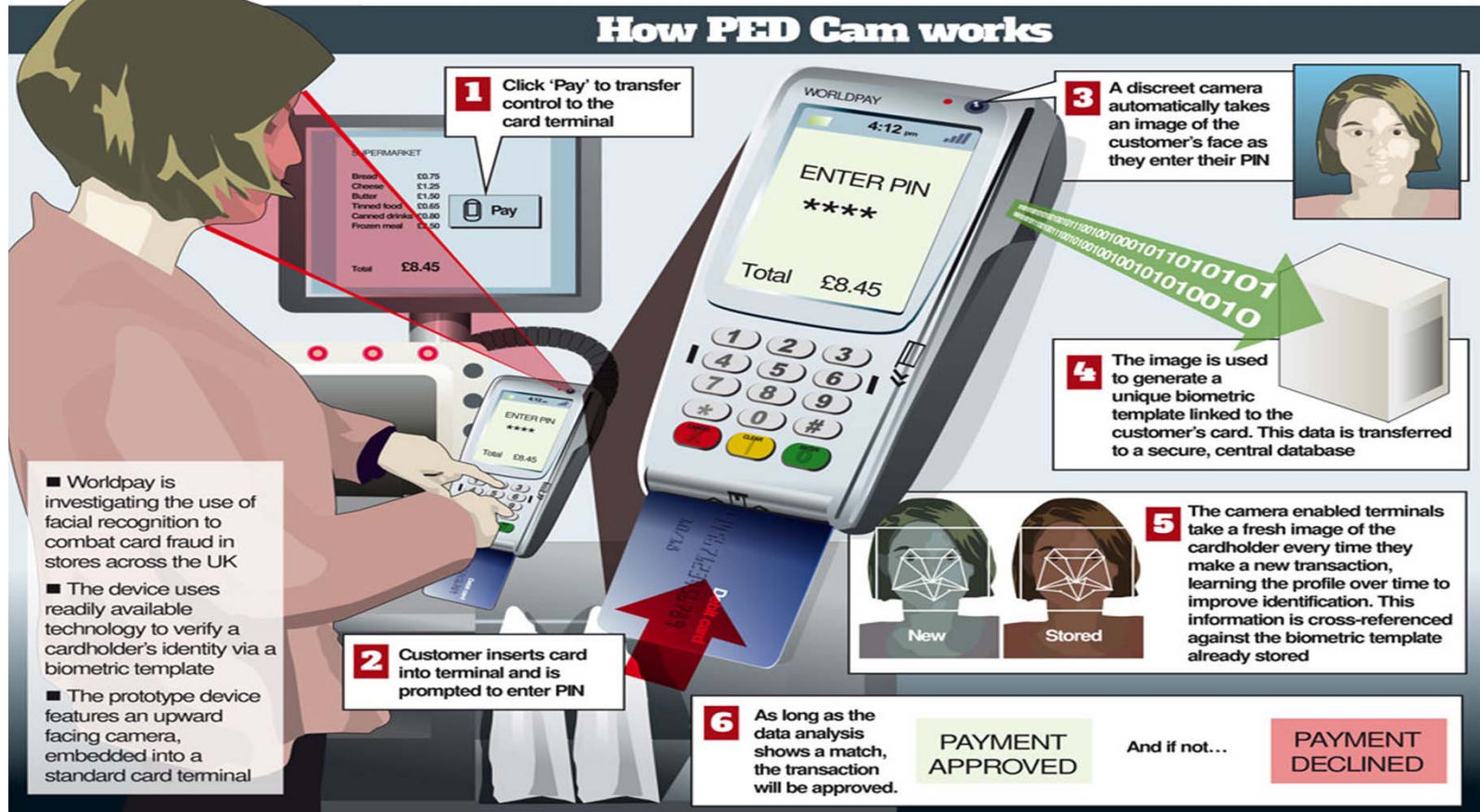
Over 80,000 biometric ATMs in Japan and 22,000 in Brazil

PoS Terminals Now



<https://www.google.com/url?sa=i&rct=j&q=&esrc=s&source=images&cd=&cad=rja&uact=8&ved=0CAYQjB1qFQoTCMTe9MTJiMkCFQV6Pgod8LsKaA&url=https%3A%2F%2Fmarketplace.secondlife.com%2Fp%2FM>

World Pay POS System



<http://www.nfcworld.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/ped-camera-10>

Biometrics for Payment is Not New



“Pay By Touch” provided products in biometric financial transactions and payment processing; shut down in 1998

John Rogers, CEO of Pay by Touch: <http://www.sfgate.com/news/article/How-visionary-raised-and-lost-a-fortune-3181454.php>

Evolution of Fingerprint Readers



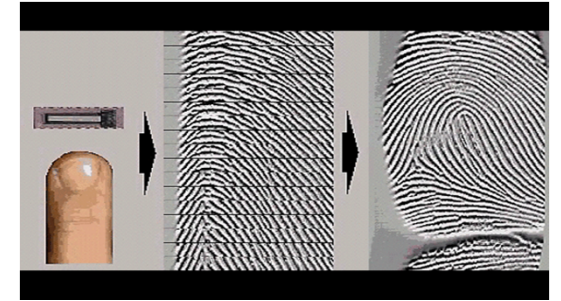
Identix (1995), \$2.5K
12.5cm x 18cm x 6cm; 1 lb.



Digital Persona



Lumidigm



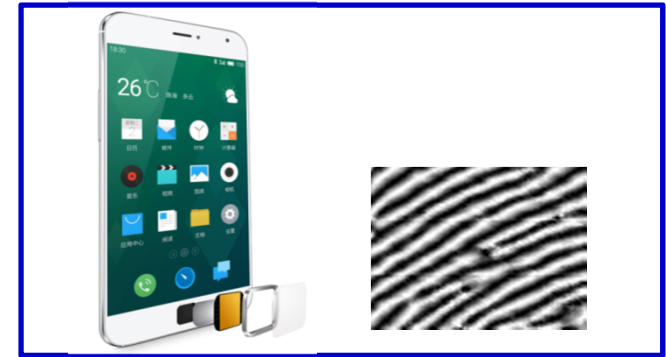
Authentec, Swipe sensor



Crossmatch



Morpho "Finger on the Fly"



Goodix

96x96 pixels

Processor & Memory Capabilities



Year	1989	2014
Enrollment	724K	4M
#Searches/day	400 tenprints	2,000 tenprints; 35 latents
Speed	15K comparisons/sec.	25M comparisons/sec.

Apple iPhone 6s



1.84 GHz; 2 GB RAM

Courtesy, Scott Blanchard, MSP

Mobile Phones



Joseph Van Os / Getty Images

~7B mobile subscriptions worldwide (ITU, May 2014); M-Pesa launched in Kenya in 2007

Early Biometric Enabled Phones



Toshiba G500 (2007)



HTC P6500 (2007)



Acer M900 (2009)

Smartphone Authentication

Face Unlock



2011

Android Fingerprint



2011

iOS Touch ID



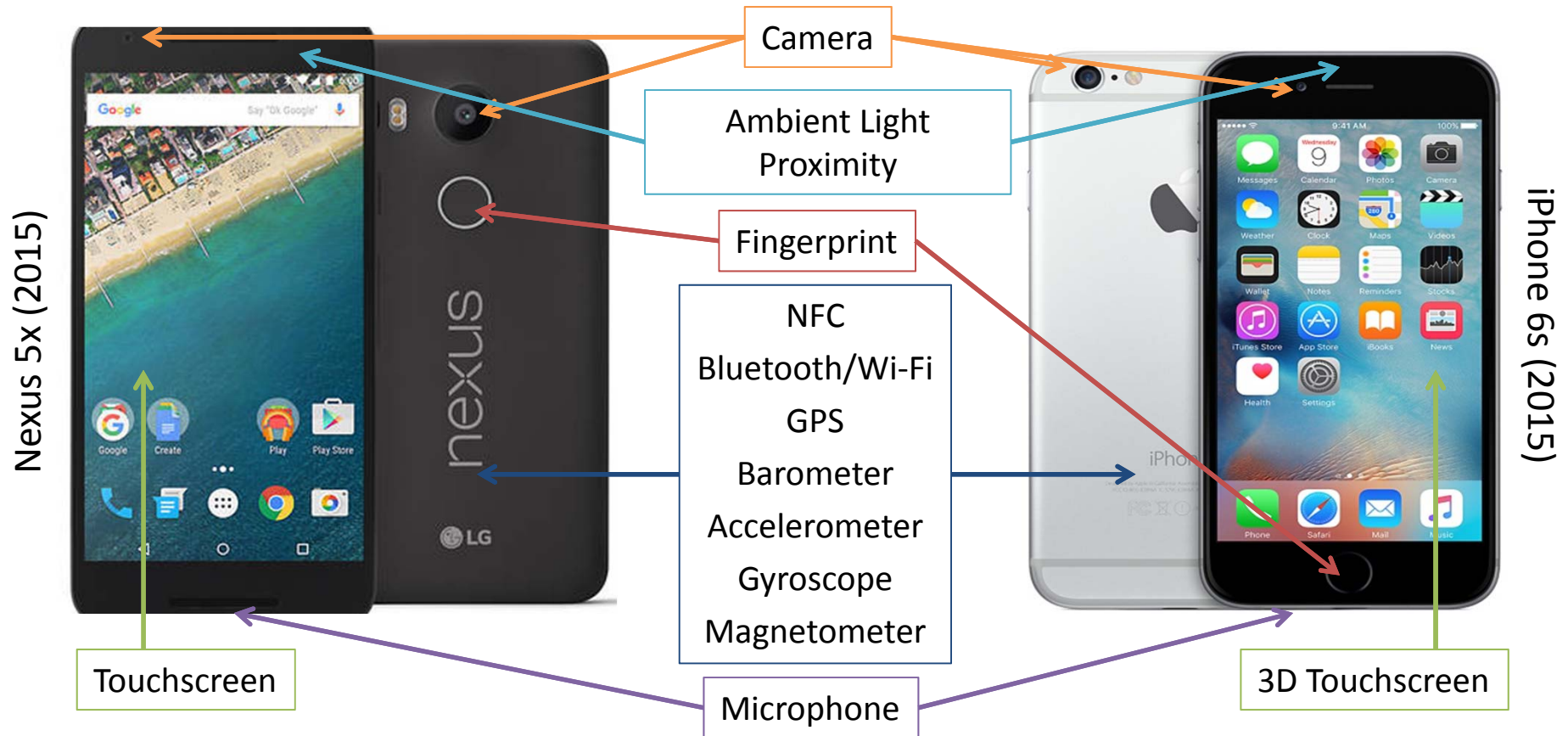
2013

Iris Passport

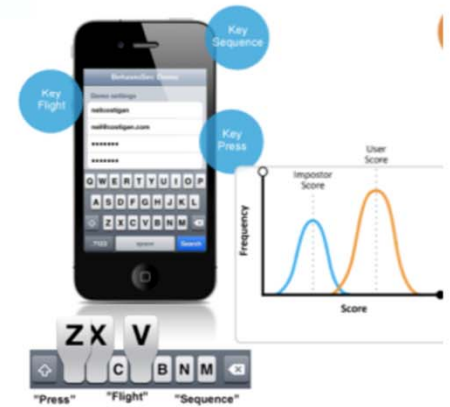
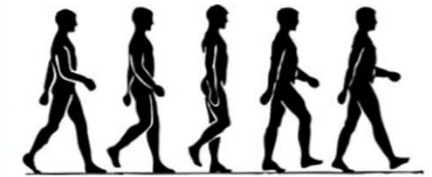
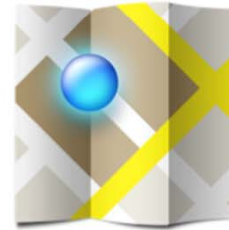


2015

Smartphone Sensors



Authentication Types



Obtrusive

PIN, Visual pattern, Fingerprint, Iris, Face, Voice

Unobtrusive

Gait, Touch, Location, Keystroke, Face (partial)

Continuous Authentication

- Initial, obtrusive authentication (**conscious user input**) for unlocking phone
 - Keeping unauthorized users out is priority
- Continuous, unobtrusive authentication (**without user's conscious awareness**) as user operating phone
 - Uninterrupted user experience for valid user is priority

Smartphone Payment Systems

Android Pay



September, 2015

Accepted at 1 million+ stores

Apple Pay

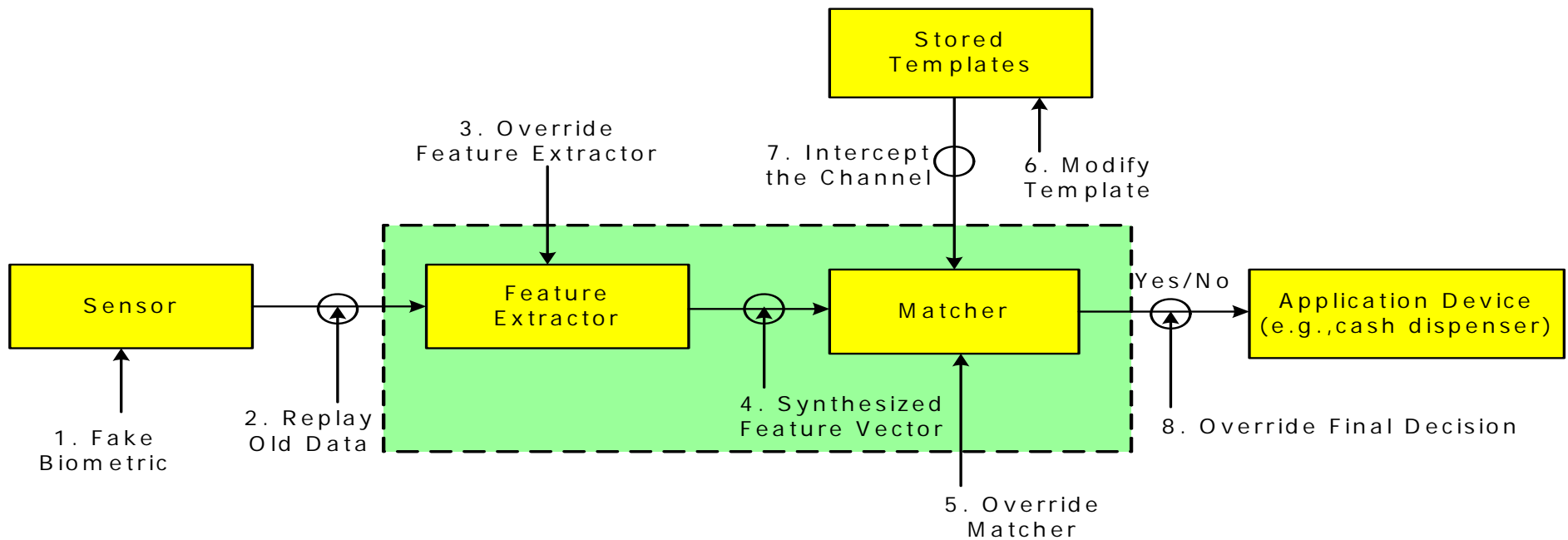


October, 2014

Supported by 300+ Banks

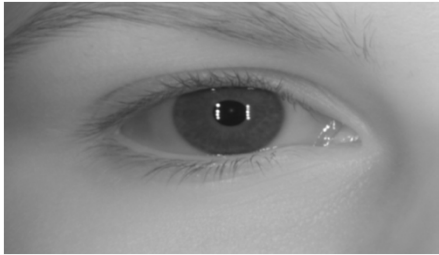
Millions of Capable Devices

Securing Biometric Systems

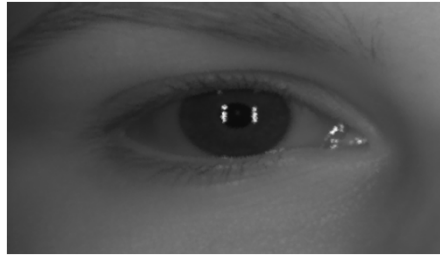


Insider attacks?

Spoof Attacks



Live Iris



Fake Iris



Live Fingerprint



Fake Fingerprint



Live Face



Printed Face



Video frame (replay attack)

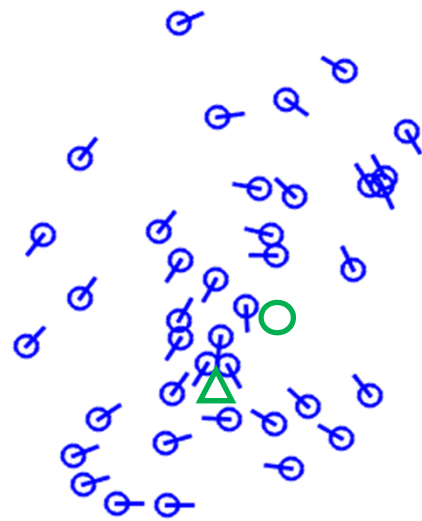


3D Face mask

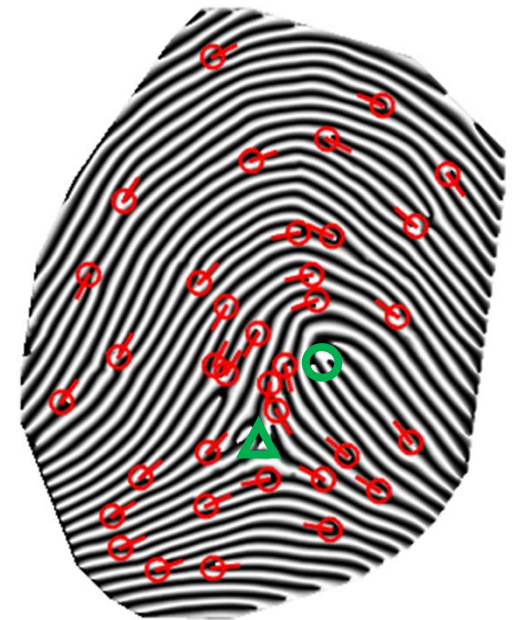
Template Protection



(a) Fingerprint image



(b) ISO template



(c) Reconstructed image from template

Similarity score between (a) and (c) is 203 (Threshold at FAR=0.01% is 33)

Security v. Privacy



- How will bank store customer biometric data?
- Will they share it with others?

Summary

- Since its first use in law enforcement & forensics over 100 years back, biometrics is changing the way we conduct everyday transactions, **especially payment**
- Biometric authentication score needs to be combined with other user & transaction data to minimize risk
- Multi-biometrics, including soft biometrics, will provide stronger authentication & richer user experience
- Challenges: reduce error rate, provable security, testing,.....