From the Edge of Biometrics: What's Next?#

Anil K. Jain

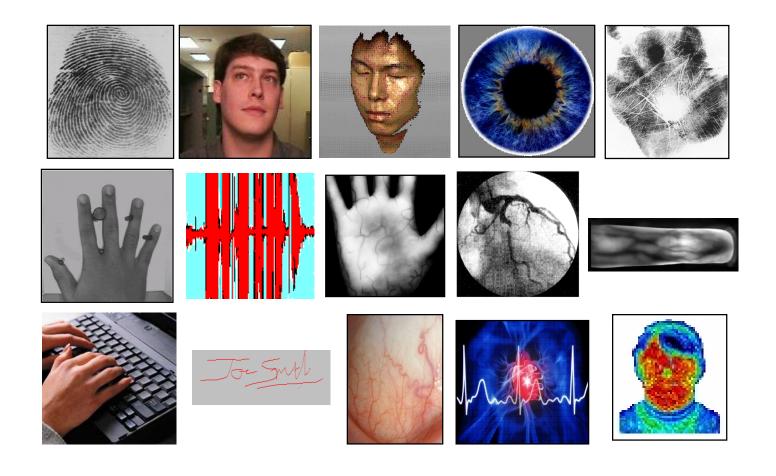
Michigan State University

http://biometrics.cse.msu.edu

Sichuan University August 16, 2018

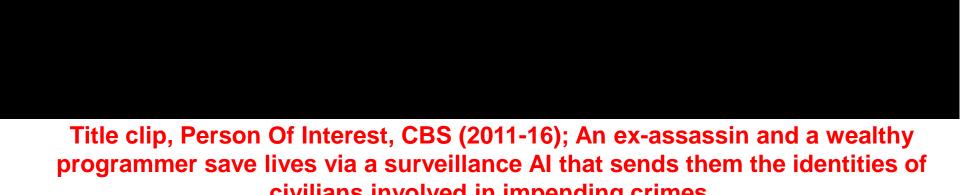
***Looking at the future where biometrics will be omnipresent"**

Biometrics



Automatic Person Recognition by Body Traits

Person of Interest



Surveillance Cameras



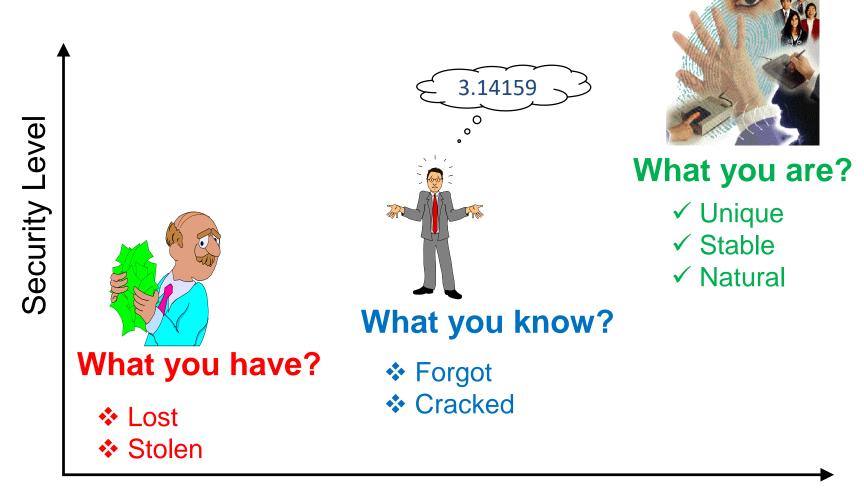
China is expected to have over 600 million surveillance cameras by 2020 (NYT, July 9,2018)

Face Recognition: No Jaywalking!



Xiangyang crosswalk is monitored by cameras linked to face recognition technology, NYT, July 16, 2018

Why Biometrics?



Access Method

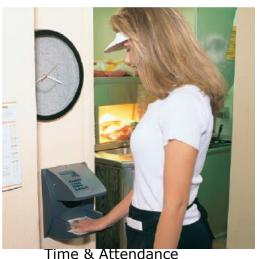
Biometric Technology: Applications



Meijer supermarket, Okemos



MSU Federal Credit Union





Palm vein ATM



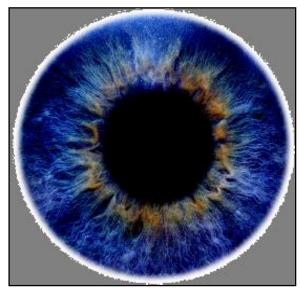


Coal mines in China

Three Most Popular Biometric Traits







- Legacy database available
- Capability for 1:N search
- Uniqueness and Persistence (?)
- High accuracy on large datasets

Growing Popularity of Face



Identity: John Doe

Age: ~ 40

Gender: Male

Ethnicity: White

Hair: Short, Brown

Moustache: Yes

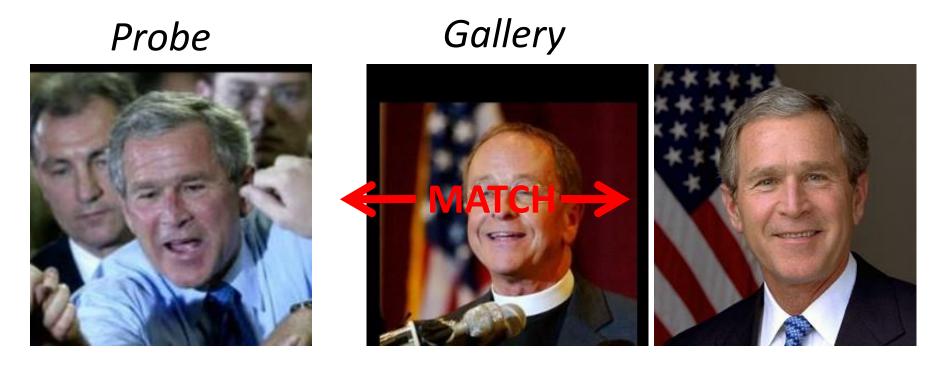
Beard: Yes

Mole: Yes

Scar: Yes

Expression: None

Biometrics: A Search Problem



Challenges: Representation, similarity, scalability

Enablers of Biometrics



Martin Cooper: Inventor of cell phone
Motorola DynaTAC (1973)

Advances in processors, memory, sensors; cost; usability, algorithms



Three billion smartphone users by 2020

https://www.statista.com/statistics/274774/forecast-of-mobile-phone-users-worldwide/

Face Recognition Milestones



1964 W. Bledsoe First paper on Face recog.



1973 Takeo Kanade 1st FR thesis



1991 Turk & **Pentland** Eigenface



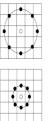
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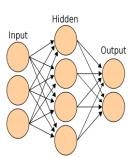
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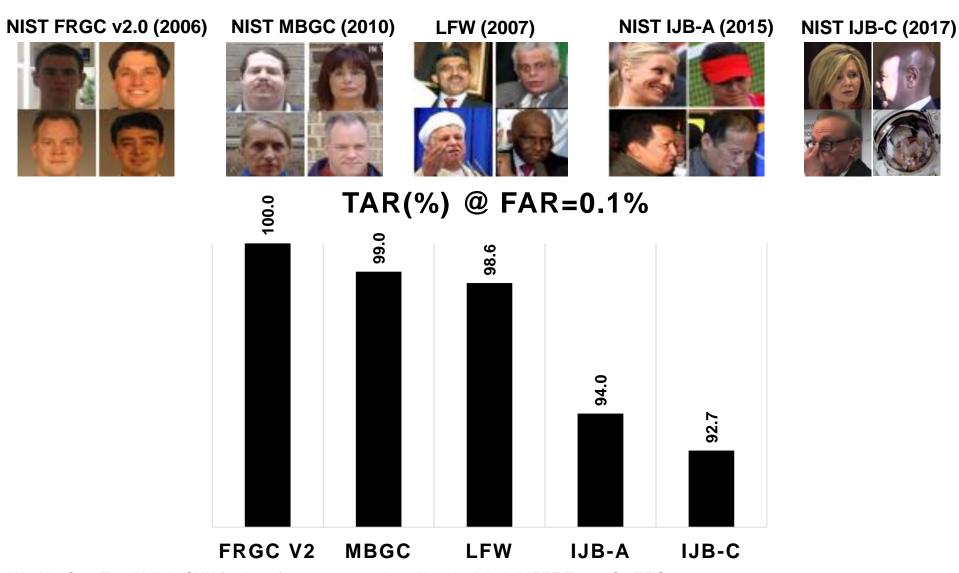
2015 Google & Intel Smartphone RGB-D Camera



2015+ **Body Camera**

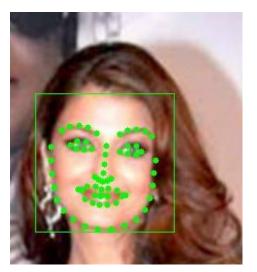


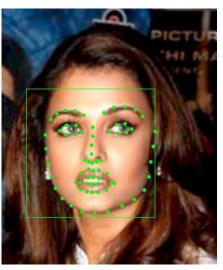
Face Recognition: State of the Art



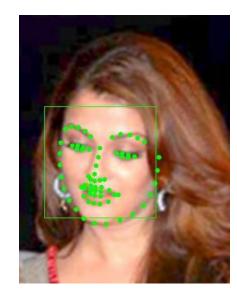
Wu, He, Sun, Tan. "A light CNN for deep face representation with noisy labels." IEEE Trans. On TFIS, 2018. Ranjan, Castillo, Chellappa. "L2-constrained softmax loss for discriminative face verification." *arXiv:1703.09507* Cao, Qiong, et al. "Vggface2: A dataset for recognising faces across pose and age." *FG 2018*

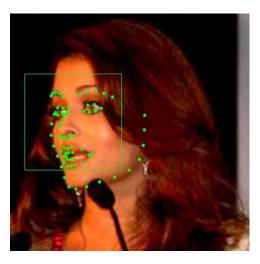
Challenge: Intra-Face Variability

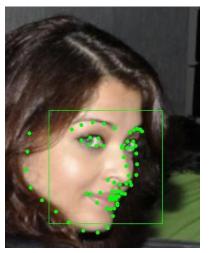
















Challenge: Inter-Face Similarity

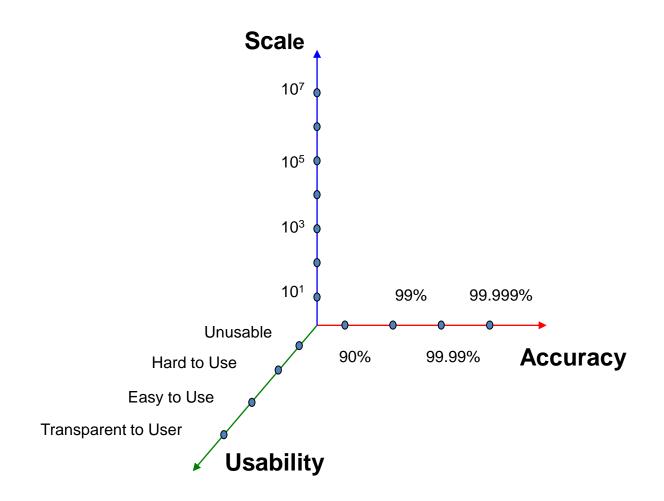


www.cbsnews.com/8301-503543_162-57508537-503543/chinese-mom-shaves-numbers-on-quadruplets-heads

What's Next?

- Understand capabilities & limitations
- Fundamental premise
- Design and build end-to-end systems
- Fusion of biometrics & user behavior data
- Presentation attack (spoof) detection
- Template invertibility

Biometrics: Capabilities & Limitations



Need systems operating at the edge of this 3-D space

Fundamental Premise of Biometrics

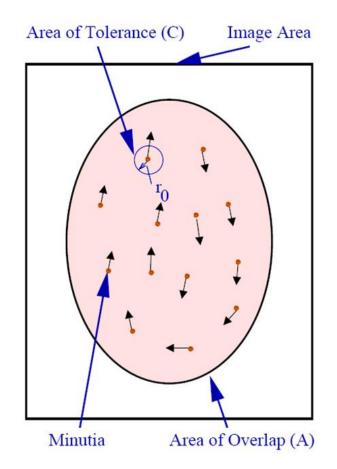
 Uniqueness: Do different individuals have different biometric features?

6-digit code: 10⁶ unique PINs; what about biometrics?

 Permanence: How does recognition accuracy change over time?

PINs do not become "stale"; they are easy to guess

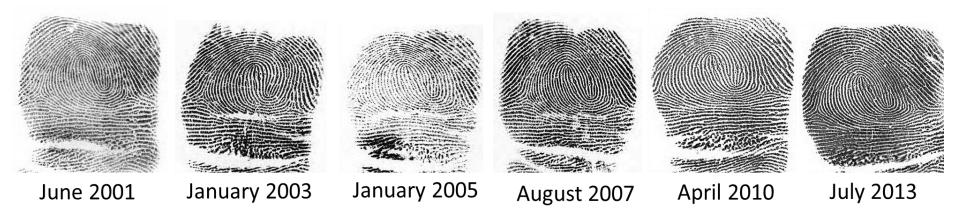
Fingerprint Uniqueness



- "Two Like Fingerprints Would be Found Only Once Every 10⁴⁸ Years" (Scientific American, 1911)
- PRC = Prob. of two fingerprints with m and n minutiae sharing q points in common

Pankanti, Prabhakar and Jain, On the individuality of fingerprints, PAMI, 2002

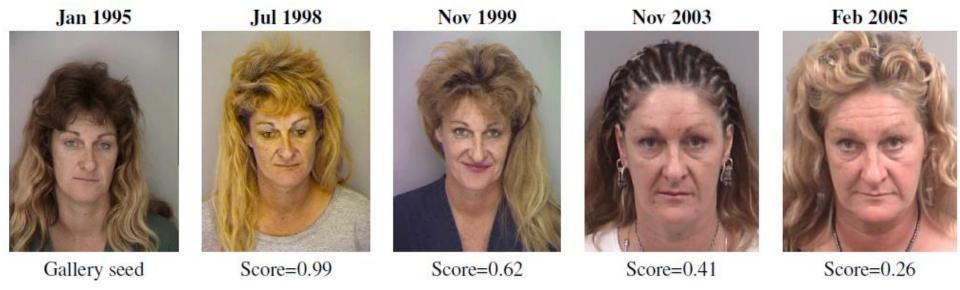
Fingerprint Persistence



- Fingerprint records of 16K subjects over 12 years
- Longitudinal model showed: (i) Accuracy is stable over time; (ii) Accuracy depends on the fingerprint image quality

Yoon and Jain, "Longitudinal Study of Fingerprint Recognition", PNAS, 2015

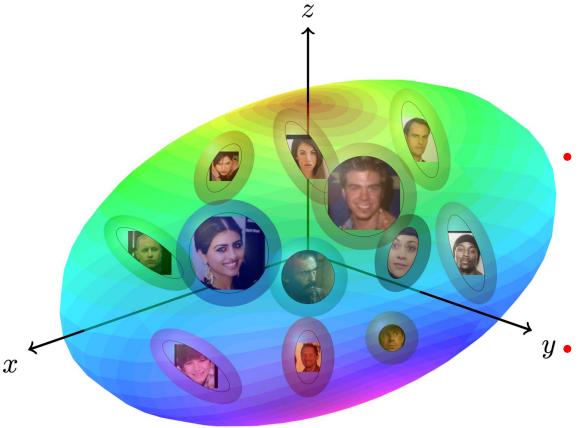
Persistence of Face Recognition



- Longitudinal face data of 20K subjects
- Findings: 99% of the subjects could be recognized @ 0.01% FAR up to 6 years irrespective of age, gender & race

Best-Rowden and Jain, "Longitudinal Study of Automatic Face Recognition", PAMI, 2017

Capacity of Face Recognition



How many distinct identities can be embedded in face space @FAR = 0.01%?

How do we find the most effective subspace?

Gong, Boddeti, Jain, "On the Intrinsic Dimensionality of Face Representation", arXiv:1803.09672, 2018

NIST IJB-S: Challenging Face Benchmark



N. Kalka, B. Maze, J. Duncan, K. O"Connor, S, Elliott, K. Hebert, J. Bryan, A. K. Jain, "IJB--S: IARPA Janus Surveillance Video Benchmark", to appear in BTAS, 2018.

End-to-End Systems: Requirements



Walt Disney Theme Park (2005)

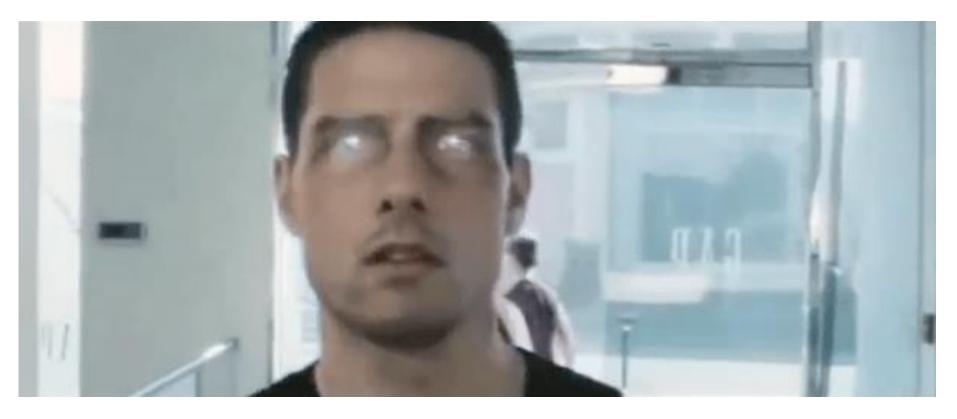
- **Real-time**
- Embedded
- Ease of use
- Low cost
- Robust

Men in Black (1997)



No fingerprint, no recognition

Minority Report (2002)



Personalization: Hello, Mr. Yakamoto! Welcome back to the GAP. How did the tank top work out for you?

Biometric Spoof Attacks



Liquid **Latex Body Paint**



PlayDoh (Orange)



Monster Liquid Latex



Wood Glue



Gelatin



Crayola **Model Magic**



Au/Ti Coating













Print Attack

Replay Attack

3D mask attack



Print Attack



Cosmetic **Contact**



Glass



Prosthetic



Plastic

How to generalize spoof detectors to unforeseen spoof types?

Face Spoof Detection

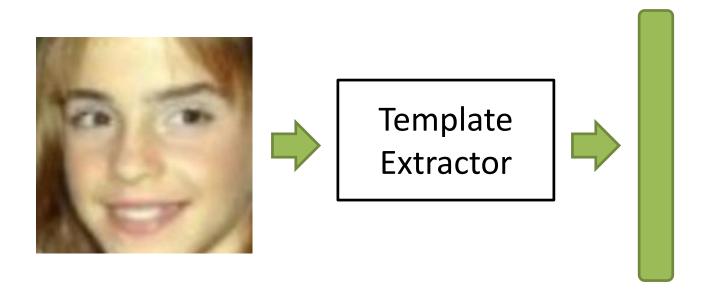


Real Faces misclassified as

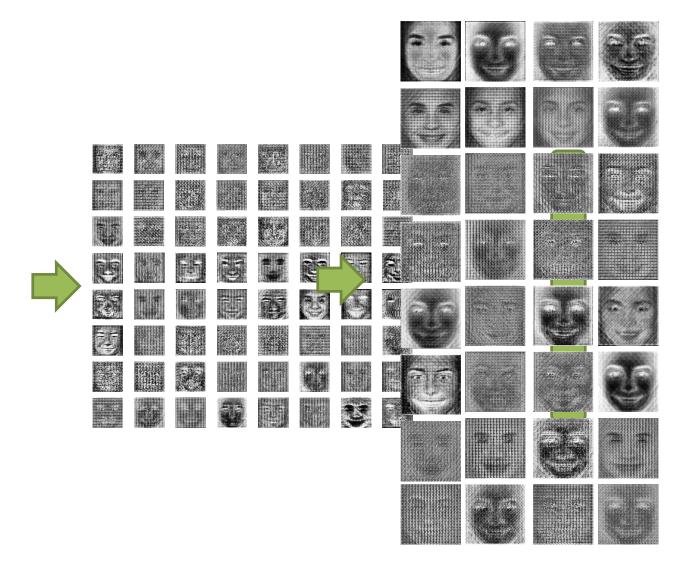


Spoofs misclassified as Real

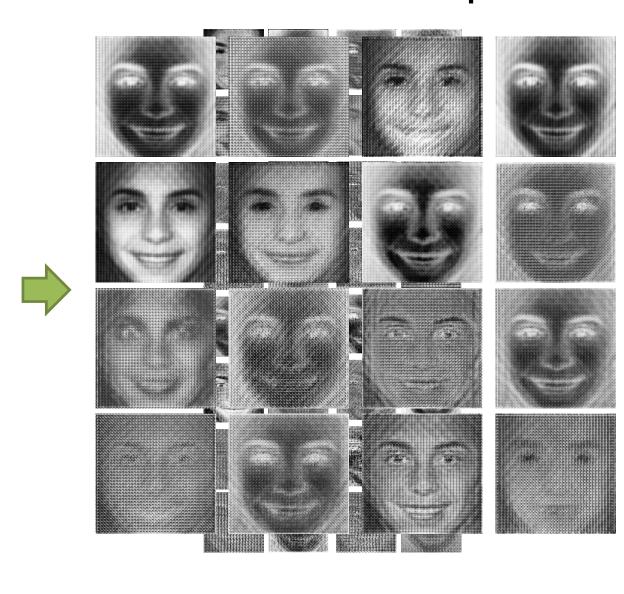
Face Reconstruction from Templates



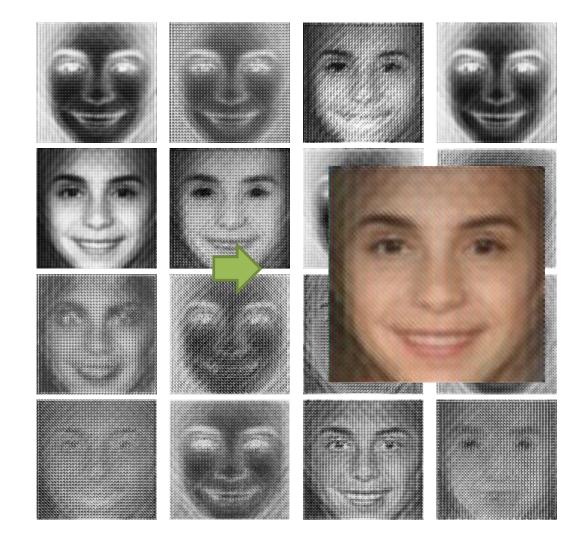
Face Reconstruction from Face Templates



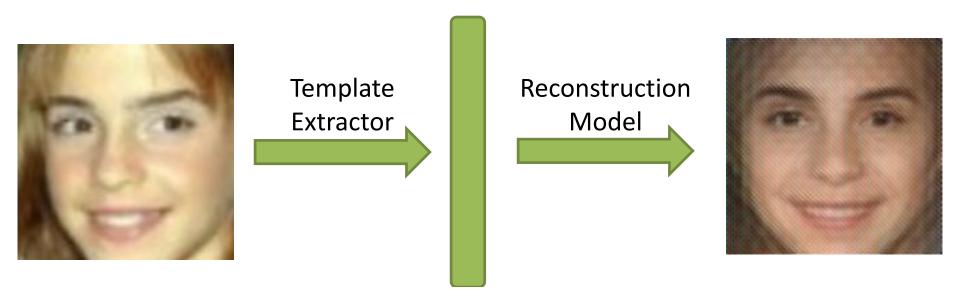
Face Reconstruction from Face Templates



Face Reconstruction From Templates



Face Reconstruction From Templates

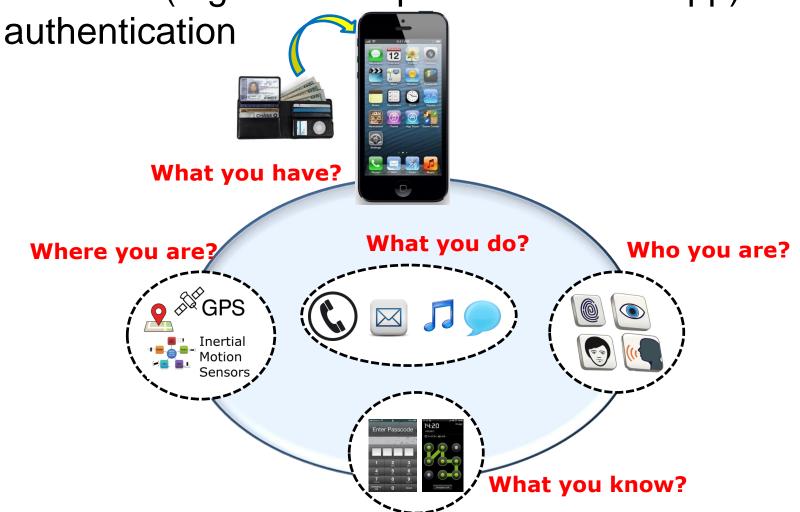


Cosine similarity score: 0.93

Mai, Cao, Yuen, Jain, On The Reconstruction Of Face Images From Deep Face Templa 2018

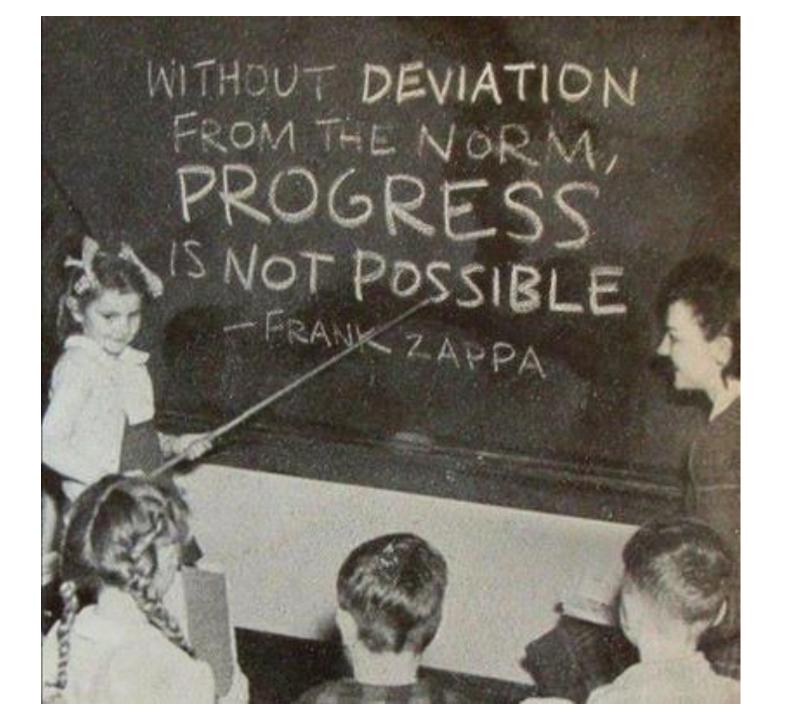
Passive and Active Authentication

 Combine context (e.g. GPS location) with other soft cues (e.g. most frequented website/app) for



Summary

- Biometric recognition has permeated our society
- It is the only way to know if a "person is who he claims to be" and "not who he denies to be"
- Biometrics must meet application requirements
- Need for unobtrusive and ubiquitous recognition
- Performance should be evaluated on benchmarks
- Ensure biometric data privacy and system



Pitch



Emerging Applications



Seamless Airport Journey

Fan ID (Credentials) v. Face ID (Biometrics)



1.6 million Fan IDs were issued to visitors to enter the FIFA 2018 World Cup stadiums; But, unlike Face ID, Fan IDs can be lost,

stolon or forged

Drivers of Biometrics: Applications











ATM, Aadhaar

UAE immigration

Coal mine entry/exit

Time & attendance

Improve security, eliminate fraud, user convenience

Fingerprint Recognition: 1960s



Courtesy: James Blanchard, Michigan State Police

Michigan AFIS (1989)



725K Tenprints; 4.8K searches; no latent search;15K comparisons/sec.

Michigan AFIS (2018)



4 million tenprints; 650K rolled print and 5.6K latent searches in 2017

Avg. time for rolled search: 5.3 sec; avg time for latent search:



iPhone 5 (2013); Apple Pay (2014) Cost of sensor & matching algorithm/phone is

FaceID







iPhone X (2017)

Match on Card







Step 1: Cardholder taps card at a chip-enabled terminal while holding thumb on sensor



Step 2: Cardholder's fingerprint image is compared against stored biometric images within the card.



Step 3: Issuer receives chip data indicating whether biometric authentication was successful or failed.

Match in Box

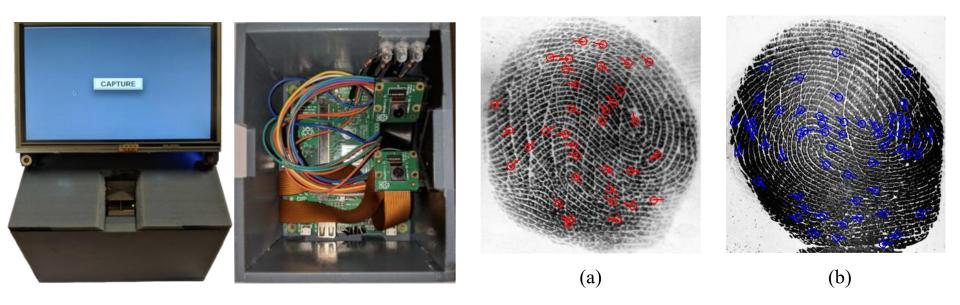


Figure 1. Open source, end-to-end fingerprint recognition system (1900 ppi, dual-camera spoof detector, feature extractor, template storage, 1:N search). Dimensions: 4"x4"x4"

Figure 2. 1900 ppi infant fingerprint images. Right thumb of a 3-month old infant by (a) Match in Box and (b) 1270 ppi NEC infant reader

J. J. Engelsma, K. Cao, A. K. Jain, "Fingerprint Match in Box", IEEE BTAS 018

Biometric Recognition Algorithms



Fingerprint (1963)

M. Trauring, "On the Automatic Comparison of Finger Ridge Patterns", Nature,
 vol. 197, pp. 938–940, 1963



Face (1966)

- W. W. Bledsoe, "Man-Machine Facial Recognition", Tech. Report PRI 22, Panoramic Res., 1966
- T. Kanade, "Picture Processing System by Computer Complex and Recognition of Human Faces", Doctoral Dissertation, Kyoto University, 1973



Voice (1963)

S. Pruzansky, "Pattern-Matching Procedure for Automatic Talker Recognition", J. Acoustic Society of America, vol. 35, pp. 354–358, 1963



Hand geometry (1971)

R.H. Ernst, "Hand ID System", US Patent No. 3576537, 1971

O Iris (1987)

- L. Flom and A. Safir, "Iris Recognition System", US Patent 4641349 A, 1987
- J. G. Daugman, "High Confidence Visual Recognition of Persons by a Test of Statistical Independence", *IEEE Trans. PAMI*, vol. 15, pp. 1148–1160, 1993

Growing Popularity of Face

Universality

 Everyone has a face; covert, touchless, remote acquisition; legacy databases

Applications

 De-duplication, surveillance, targeted ads, social media, mobile phones

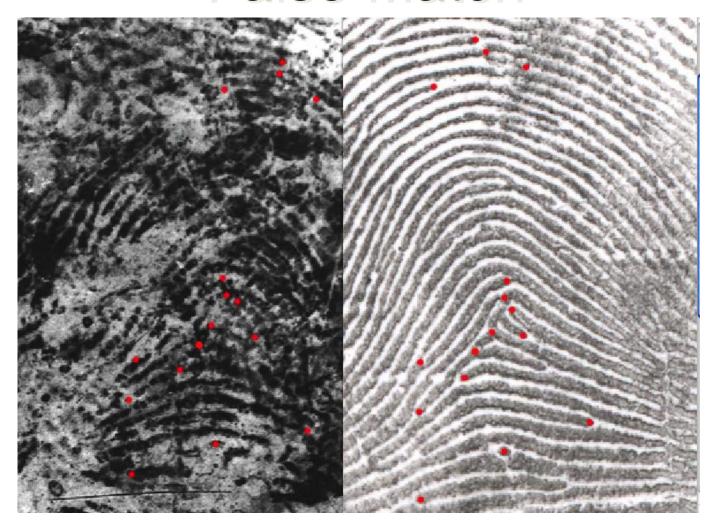
Fast Search

Face matcher: ~1.5 million comparisons/sec/core

Benchmark databases

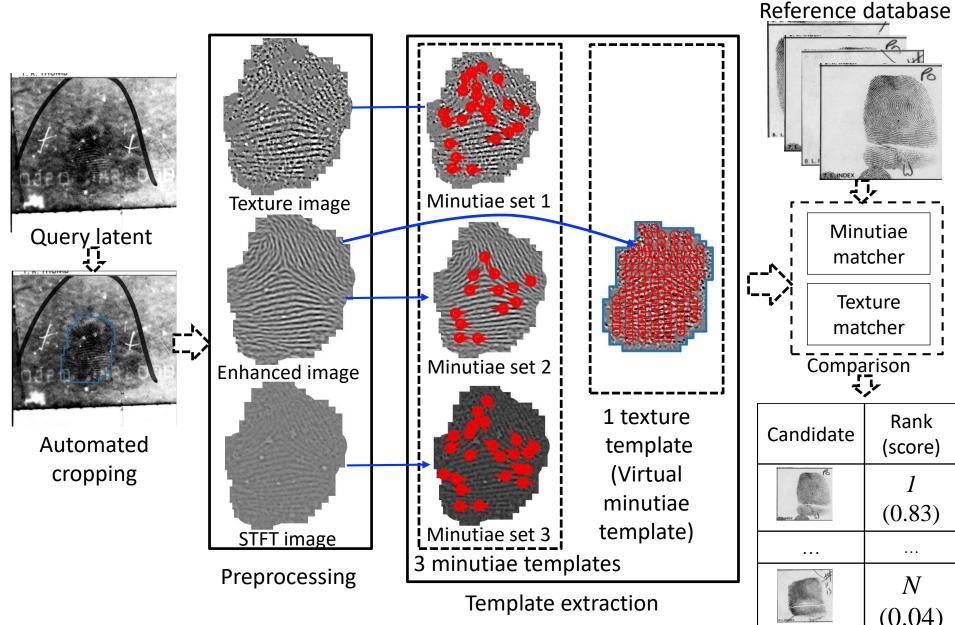
FERET, FRVT, MBGC, LFW, YTF, IJB-A, IJB-B, IJB-C, IJB-S,...

False Match



Brendan Mayfield was wrongly accused of the Madrid train bombing (2004) after his partial fingerprints matched those found at the bombing site

MSU End-to-End Latent Matcher



Face Recognition Milestones



1964 W. Bledsoe First paper on Face recog.



1973 Takeo Kanade 1st FR thesis



1991 Turk & Pentland Eigenface



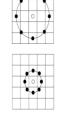
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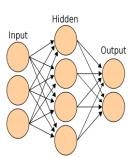
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Nov. 2011 Samsung Galaxy Nexus Face Unlock



2015 Google & Intel Smartphone **RGB-D Camera**

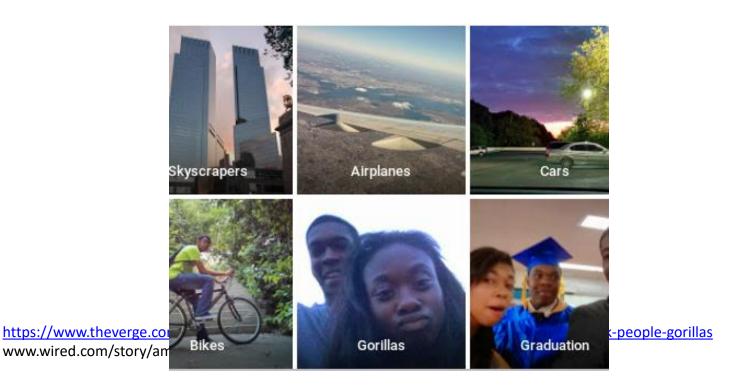


2015+ **Body Camera** Used by NYPD & Chicago PD

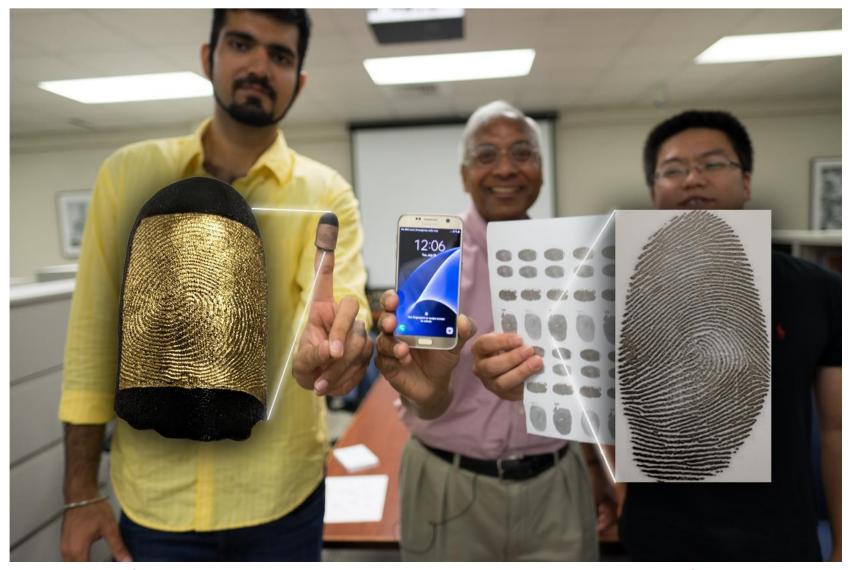
i phone X

Training Bias: Need Representative Samples

- Gender and skin-type bias in face recognition systems www.media.mit.edu/articles/study-finds-gender-and-skin-type-bias-in-commercial-artificial-intelligence-systems/
- Datasets for training and evaluating FR systems marketed in the U.S. are mostly white and male



Unlocking of Galaxy S6 of Dead Person



Using dead man's fingerprints in the police database, Jain and his team built spoofs to unlock the phone https://msutoday.msu.edu/news/2016/accessing-a-murder-victims-smartphone-to-help-solve-a-crime/

Fingerprint Spoof Buster



Chugh, Kai and Jain, "Fingerprint Spoof Buster: Use of Minutiae-centered Patches", IEEE TIFS, 2018

MSU End-to-End Latent Matcher

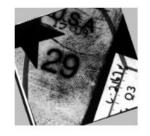
File Edit View Window Help

MSU Latent AFIS

Rank: 5

Latent Query

Candidate List













Score: 2.77

Rank: 6



Score: 2.45



Overlapping Latents: Man in the Lo



Burglary & Entry case in Pittsburgh Township, Michigan (2010). Linked to 19 other cases; Hits made with Cole (examiner) and Belcher (AFIS) tenprints on file.