



Infant-ID: Fingerprints for Global Good

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<http://biometrics.cse.msu.edu/>

Engelsma, Deb, Cao, Bhatnagar, Sudhish, Jain, "Infant-ID: Fingerprints for Global Good", IEEE Trans. PAMI, 2021
http://biometrics.cse.msu.edu/Publications/Fingerprint/Infant-ID_TPAMI.pdf

ID4Africa LiveCast, Feb 24, 2021

Vaccination Clinic in Benin (June 2014)



Requirements: Accuracy, speed, social acceptance, usability, low cost, backup power

Saran Ashram Hospital Dayalbagh (Sept 2015)



Beginning of longitudinal fingerprint collection (4 collections in 12 months)

Choice of Biometric Trait



Palmprint



Fingerprint



Face



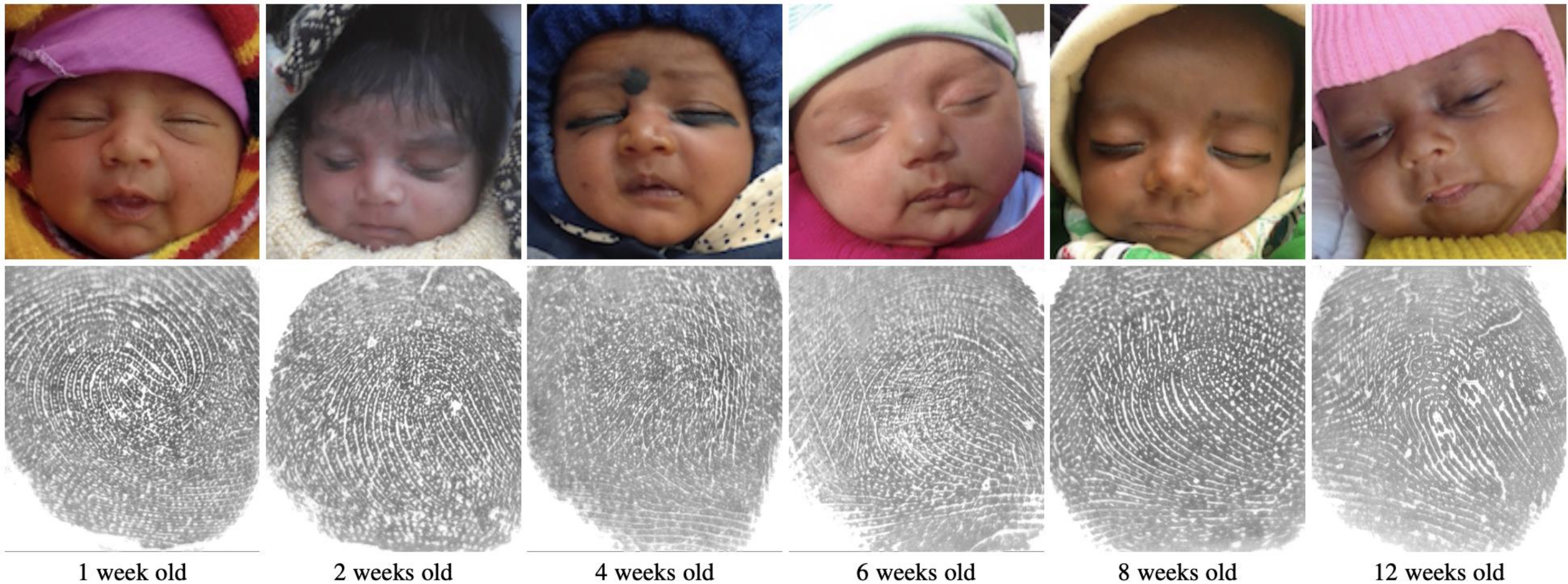
Iris



Footprint

Limitations: palmprints (fists closed), face: (fast aging), iris (crying/sleeping), footprint (dirty feet)

Infant Fingerprints



Fingerprints: visible at birth, parental acceptance, ergonomic, low cost, high throughput

Challenges



Distortion



Dry



Moist



Time gap



Motion blur



Dirty

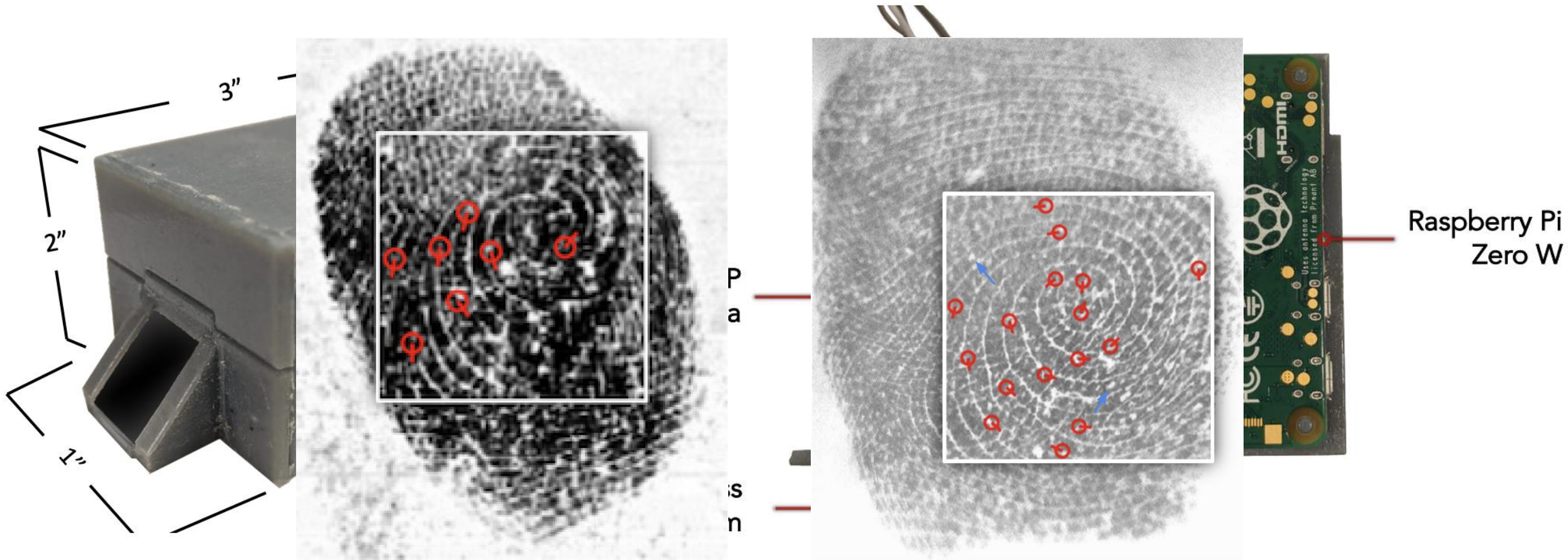


Small ridge spacings

Reader requirements: **High-Res** (1,900 ppi); fast capture, manual control for focus

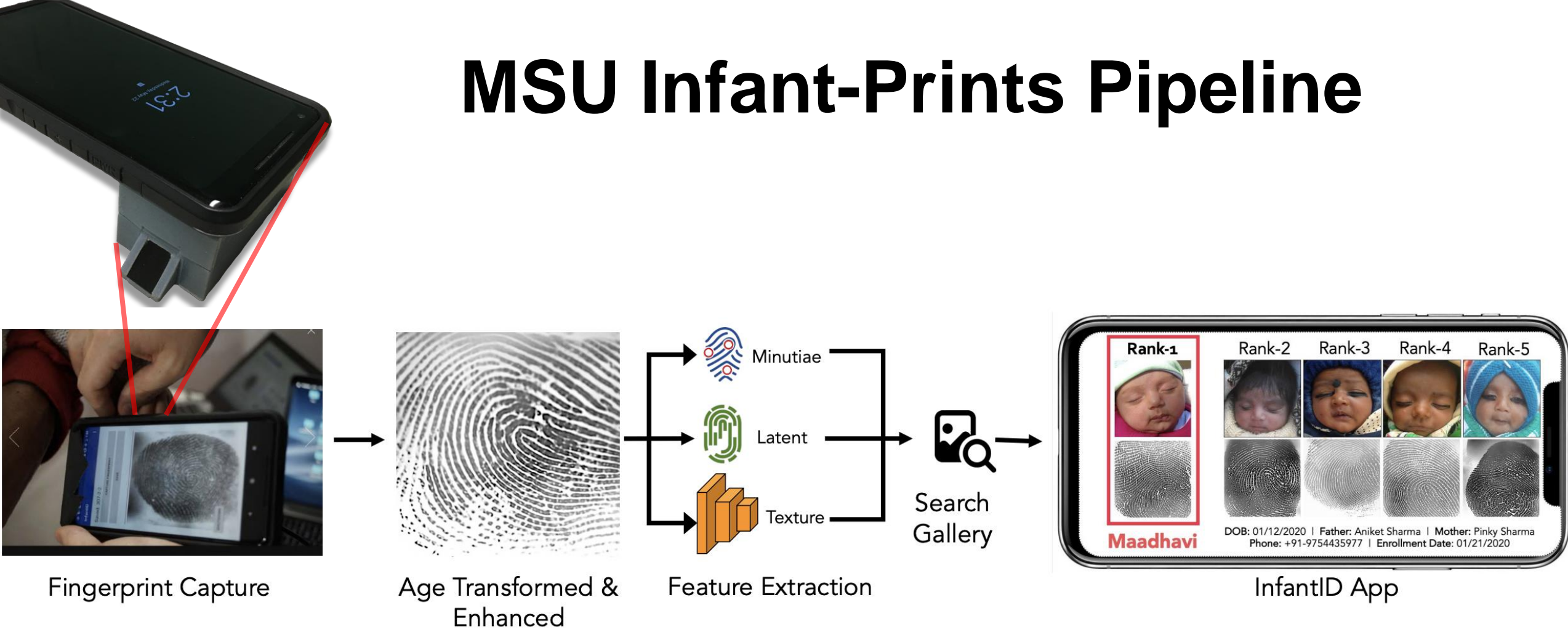
Matcher requirements: **Robust to motion blur, noise/distortion, time gap between enrollment and test image**

MSU Infant-Prints Reader



Right thumbprints of a 18 day old infant by 500 ppi (DP U.r.U) and our 1900 ppi readers
1,900 ppi, cost: \$35, assembly time: < 2 hours (<https://bit.ly/3p2TQ7j>)

MSU Infant-Prints Pipeline

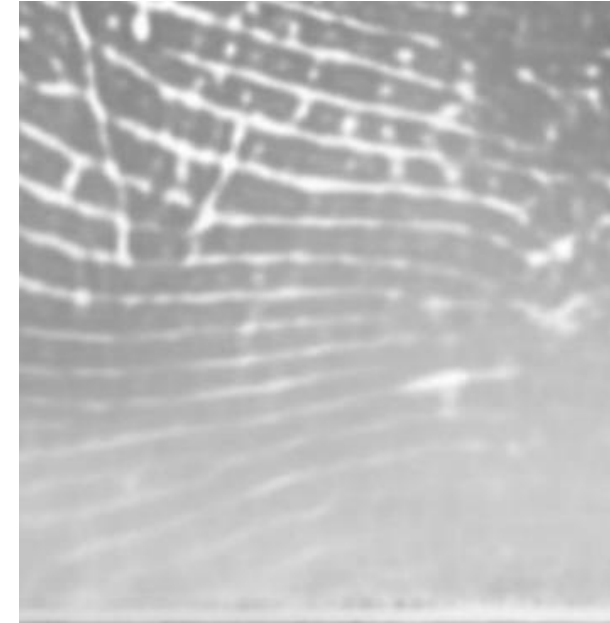
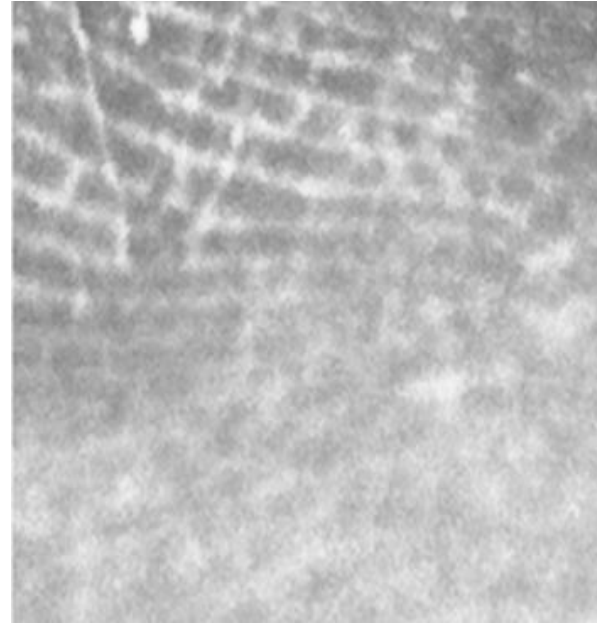


- **Image capture:** Reader to smartphone over bluetooth
- **Preprocessing:** Image enhancement and aging correction
- **Matching:** Fusion of minutiae, latent, texture matchers

Image Pre-processing



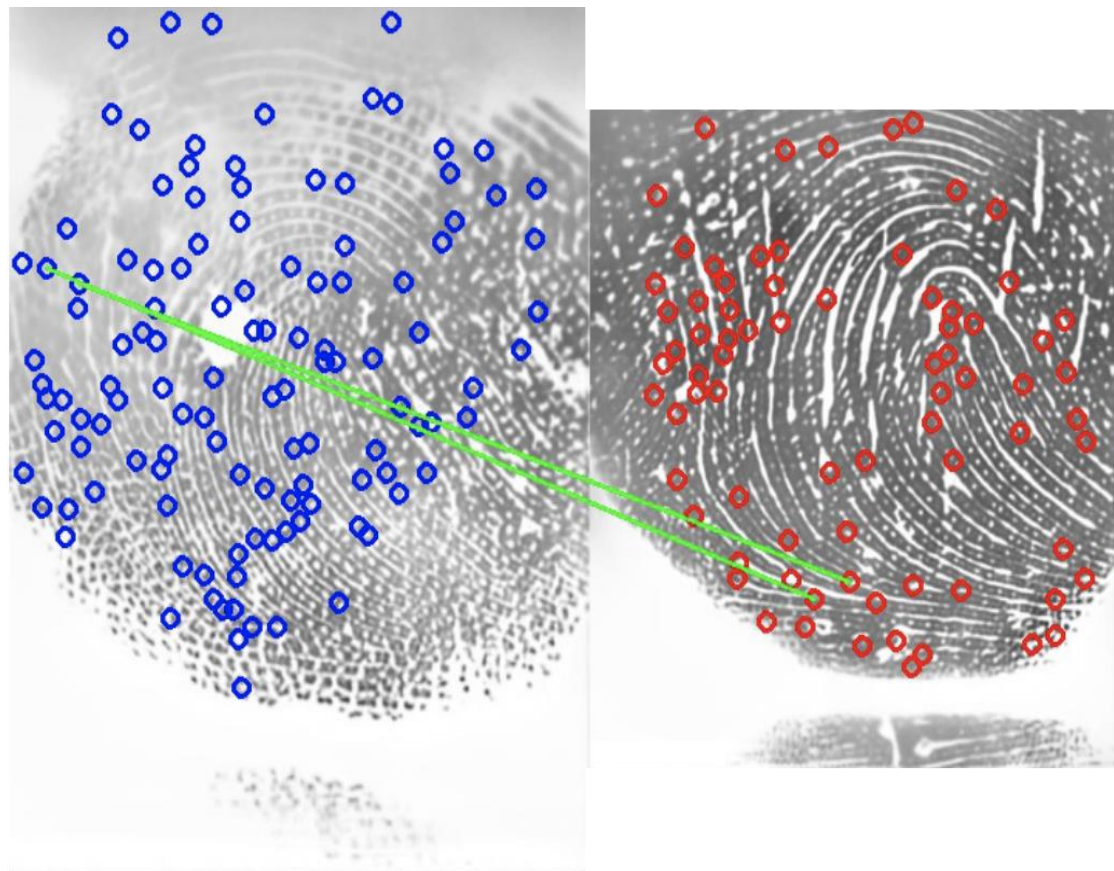
Correction for aging



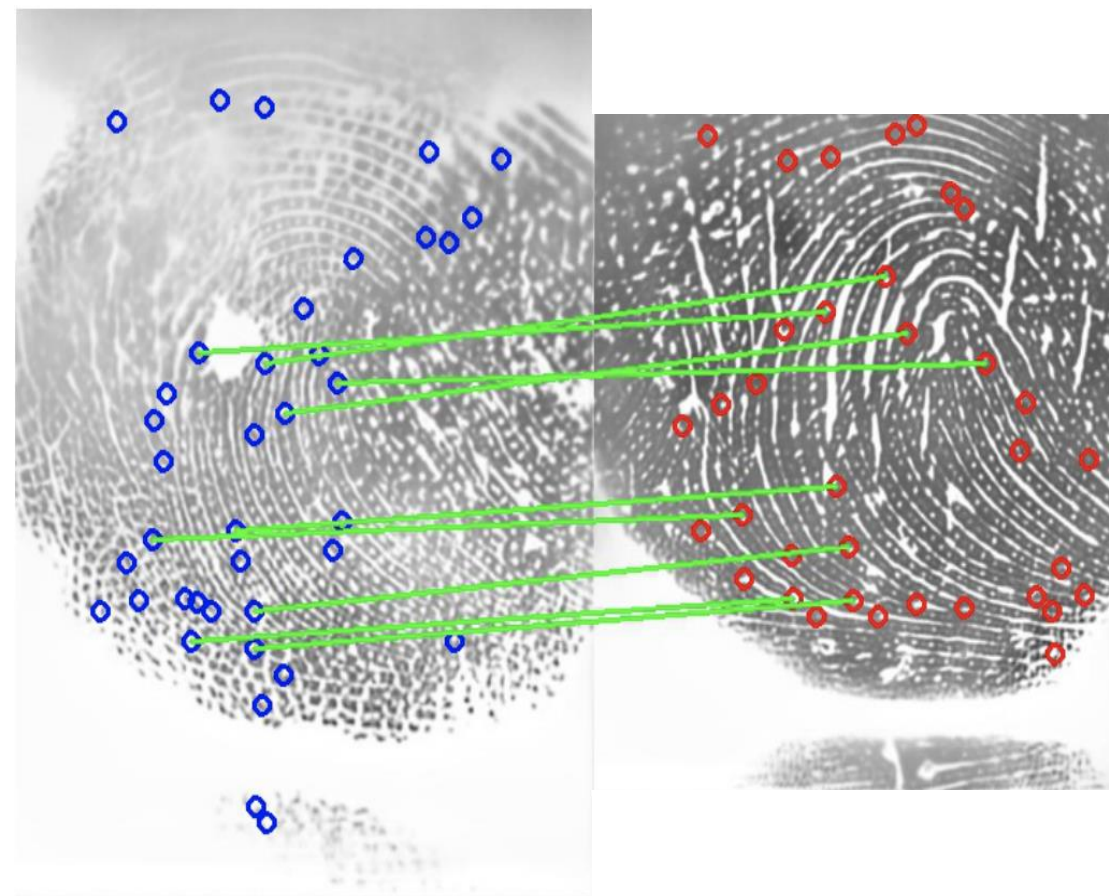
Enhancement for deblurring

Better ridge structure correspondence and ridge separation

High Resolution Minutiae Extractor



Verifinger Minutiae



Infant-Prints Minutiae

False Non-Match changed to a True Match by high-resolution minutiae extractor
(score improved from 23 to 48; threshold: 32)

Evaluation



Enrollment: 12 weeks Probe: 64 weeks
True Match 1-year time lapse



Enrollment: 9 weeks Probe: 61 weeks
False Non-Match, 1-year time lapse

Time Lapse	3 Months	9 Months	12 Months
Infant-Prints	95%	90%	85%

- Reporting TAR @ FAR = 0.1%
- Infants enrolled at 2-3 months of age

Path Forward

- Infant-ID is a difficult problem, similar to latent/partial fingerprint matching
- An archive of (longitudinal) infant fingerprints is needed to facilitate algorithm development & evaluation
- Need advances in both sensor design and robust matching method
- Training of field staff
- Incentivize researchers & vendors



Biometrics are not developed for children before 5 years of age

<https://uidai.gov.in/my-aadhaar/about-your-aadhaar/aadhaar-enrolment.html>